

Lloyd's Principles Based Oversight Framework

Materiality Measures for setting Maturity Expectations

December 2023

Materiality Measures for setting Expected Maturity

- The guidance supporting Lloyd's Principles for Doing Business is expressed across four levels of maturity.
- The expected maturity level for each syndicate or managing agent is determined by materiality metrics, which are specific to each Principle (or Dimension).
- The following slides provide high-level detail of the materiality metrics and their thresholds.
- Materiality metrics drive expected maturity in most cases. However, Lloyd's may also, in exceptional circumstances, choose to override the data-led expected maturity, where the risk for a specific syndicate is not adequately captured by this.

Materiality measures and thresholds (1 of 4)

Dimension	Materiality measure	Low Foundational	Moderate Intermediate	High Established	Highest Advanced
Principle 1: Underwriting Profitability	Gross Written Premium (current year SBF)	< £100m	>= £100m	>= £500m	> £1bn
Principle 1: Legacy Reinsurance Underwriting Profitability (RITC syndicates only)	Gross Booked Reserves (Technical Provisions)	<= £1bn	N/A	>£1bn	> £2bn
Principle 2a: Catastrophe Exposure	<i>Either / Or:</i>Level of the Gross Catastrophe risk (Gross WW All Perils TVaR 1:200)	Bottom quartile	3rd quartile	2nd quartile	Top quartile
(Natural Catastrophe)	 Importance of Catastrophe risk to Syndicate SCR (LCR Ultimate All LCM Cat claims as a proportion of diversified ultimate SCR, multiplied by Net WW All perils TVaR 1:200) 	Bottom quartile	3rd quartile	2nd quartile	Top quartile
Principle 2b: Catastrophe Exposure	 Either / Or. Exposure to non-nat cat exposed classes of business in absolute terms (GWP) 	< £50m	>= £50m	>= £250m	> £1bn
(Non-Natural Catastrophe)	 Proportion of non-nat cat exposed business written relative to total business written (GWP) / Materiality to syndicate 	-	-	-	> 99.5% AND GWP > £100m
	• Exposure to potential major non-nat cat losses (RDS analysis)	-	-	-	> £500m

Materiality measures and thresholds (2 of 4)

Dimension	Materiality measure	Low Foundational	Moderate Intermediate	High Established	Highest Advanced
Principle 3: Outwards Reinsurance	YOA Gross RI Premium (£m)	< £90m	>= £90m	>= £225m	>= £600m
	YOA Gross RI Premium as % of GWP		>=40%		
	LCM5 1:200 AEP RI Recovery (£m)	< £200m	>= £200m	>= £600m	>= £1,500m
	Balance Sheet RI Recoverables (£m)	< £400m	>= £400m	>= £850m	>= £1,400m
	Balance Sheet RI Recoverables as % of ECA		>=150%		
Principle 4: Claims Management	Aggregated, to form an average. 'Volume of open claims – lead' is double weighted: • Volume of open claims – lead (Absolute number)	<4,000	>= 4,000	>= 9,000	> 24,000
	 Proportion of delegated lead claims (%) 	< 31%	>= 31%	>= 45%	> 60%
	 Proportion of lead vs follow claims (%) 	< 20%	>= 20%	>= 30%	> 40%
Principle 5: Customer Outcomes	Eligible Complainants drives overall materiality:Eligible complainants (Absolute number)	0	0 <= 250,000 >250,000		
	Informs materiality of sub-principle 5 only (relating to DA business).Active Lead Binders (Absolute number)	0	-	>100	

Materiality measures and thresholds (3 of 4)

Dimension	Materiality measure	Low Foundational	Moderate Intermediate	High Established	Highest Advanced
Principle 6: Reserving	Combination of: Syndicate Net Best Estimate Reserves 	< £200m	>= £200m	>= £1bn	> £2bn
	 Casualty classes as % of Syndicate Net Best Estimate Reserve Total (subject to minimum £100m net casualty reserve threshold) 	< 40%	>= 40%	>= 70%	> 90%
Principle 7: Capital	<i>Either / Or:</i>Ultimate SCR (latest approved current year, excluding RICB)	< £100m	>= £100m	>= £250m	> £500m
	 Syndicate Tail Risk - 99.8 % to 99.5% Claims Ratio Thresholds (subject to minimum £250m uSCR materiality threshold) 	-	-	>=6%	>10%
Principle 8: Investments	 Asset allocation: Allocation to cash and government bonds; and/or Allocation to alternative assets 	> 90%; and0%	N/A	• < 90%; or • >0%	N/A
Principle 9: Liquidity	Currently N/A – Expected Maturity for all syndicates set to Foundational				
Principle 10: Governance, Risk Management and Reporting	Either / Or: • Gross Written Premium (current year SBF)	< £250m	>= £250m	>= £750m	> £1.5bn
	For MAs with only RITC / Run-off business - Total Size of Net Reserves	< £200m	>= £200m	>= £1bn	> £2bn

Materiality measures and thresholds (4 of 4)

Dimension	Materiality measure	Low Foundational	Moderate Intermediate	High Established	Highest Advanced
Principle 11: Regulatory and Financial Crime	 Either / Or: Amount of premium from high-risk territories Amount of premium from sanctioned territories 	<40% <0.5%	>=40% >=0.5%	>=60% >=1%	>70% >=2%
	 Method of placement - number of coverholders domiciled in high-risk territories Method of placement - number of coverholders domiciled in sanctioned territories 	<40% <0.5%	>=40% >=0.5%	>=60% >=1%	>70% >=2%
	Amount of premium in high-risk classes of business	<10%	>=10%	>=20%	>30%
Principle 12: Operational Resilience	<i>Either / Or:</i> Number of eligible complainants 	<100,000	>=100,000	>=250,000	>750,000
	Total Size of Net Reserves	<£750m	>= £750m	>= £1.5bn	>£2bn
Principle 13: Culture	Currently N/A – Expected Maturity for all managing agents set to Foundational	-			