### Important information about Syndicate Reports and Accounts

Access to this document is restricted to persons who have given the certification set forth below. If this document has been forwarded to you and you have not been asked to give the certification, please be aware that you are only permitted to access it if you are able to give the certification.

The syndicate reports and accounts set forth in this section of the Lloyd's website, which have been filed with Lloyd's in accordance with the Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (No. 8 of 2005), are being provided for informational purposes only. The syndicate reports and accounts have not been prepared by Lloyd's, and Lloyd's has no responsibility for their accuracy or content. Access to the syndicate reports and accounts is not being provided for the purposes of soliciting membership in Lloyd's or membership on any syndicate of Lloyd's, and no offer to join Lloyd's or any syndicate is being made hereby. Members of Lloyd's are reminded that past performance of a syndicate in any syndicate year is not predictive of the related syndicate's performance in any subsequent syndicate year.

You acknowledge and agree to the foregoing as a condition of your accessing the syndicate reports and accounts. You also agree that you will not provide any person with a copy of any syndicate report and accounts without also providing them with a copy of this acknowledgment and agreement, by which they will also be bound.





**Financial Statements** 

For the 36 Months ended 31 December 2023 2021 Closing Year Report and Accounts

## Contents

Directors and Administration	
Underwriter's report for the 2021 closing year of account	2
Managing Agent's report for the 2021 closing year of account	3
Statement of Managing Agent's Responsibilities	4
ndependent Auditor's Report to the Members of Syndicate 2525	5
Profit and loss account: Technical account – General business	8
Profit and loss account: Non-technical account	9
Statement of Members' balances at 31 December 2023	10
Balance sheet	
Statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the financial statements	13
Summary of Closed Year Results (Unaudited)	24

## **Directors and Administration**

## **Managing Agent**

Asta Managing Agency Ltd

#### **Directors**

P A Jardine (Chairman)\*

R P Barke

C V Barley

S Bradbury

E M Catchpole\*

K A Green\*

L Harfitt

D B Jones

L J M McMaster

S D Redmond\*

K Shah\*

Non-Executive Directors \*

## **Managing Agent's Registered Office**

5<sup>th</sup> Floor

20 Gracechurch Street

London

EC3V 0BG

# Managing Agent's Registered Number

1918744

### **Active Underwriter**

A Ive

### **Bankers**

Barclays Plc

Citibank N.A

**RBC** Dexia

### **Investment Managers**

Amundi (UK) Limited

## **Registered Auditor**

Mazars LLP

### **Signing Actuary**

Lane Clark and Peacock

## Underwriter's report for the 2021 closing year of account

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

#### 2021 closing year comments

Stamp Allocated Capacity (SAC)	£86.00m
Capacity Utilisation on Written Premium	85.90
Result (as a percentage of SAC) before Members Agents Fees	28.00%
Total Result	£24.13m

I am delighted to report that the 2021 year of account (YoA) on the traditional Lloyds three-year accounting basis has produced a profit, before Members Agents' fees, of £24.13m which equates to a return on capacity of 28.00%

I am also pleased to advise that, for the first time in its history, the Syndicate has passed the huge milestone of £100m Stamp Gross Premium for the 2023 YoA. This has been an aspiration of mine for many years and I am proud that we have finally crossed this line.

The income growth achieved since 2020, on a very similar headcount, is commendable and a fitting tribute for the work the team have put in, but we have not forgotten that profit is more important than income so am delighted to declare the best return on capital for in the Syndicate's recent history so growth has been achieved without compromising underwriting discipline.

Year on year rate increases have been achieved consecutively since the 2016 YoA and, whilst rates will inevitably plateau, we are forecasting some further increase for 2024, albeit modest.

Also, inflation is something of a mixed blessing for the Syndicate. On the one hand, we see wages and turnover estimates given by policyholders increasing which, in turn, means premiums increase but our exposure often stays the same. We have also seen much improved returns on our investment portfolio in the last year which is largely held in corporate/government bonds. There is uncertainty around the future levels of claims inflation and whilst general economic inflation has reduced over recent months, and is projected to decrease further into 2024, there is market wide concern that the inflationary impact on claims is yet to fully reveal itself.

However, we keep a very close eye on this and there is very limited evidence of excess claims inflation emerging in the Syndicate's claims data to date. For business planning, we have already built in an actuarily assessed inflationary margin of 6% and, despite the long-tail nature of our business classes, the syndicate's prudent reserving approach, including our strong prudent IBNR provisions, we do not see any risk that projected 'ultimates' will be exceeded.

In addition, we carry an explicit IBNR load of £0.5m for 2021 YoA which was previously held against the risk of a proliferation of COVID claims, of which we had few, and we have decided to continue to retain this as an 'Inflation Uncertainty Load'.

Stamp Capacity on the open years is almost 100% utilised and despite a pandemic, a poor UK economy and global conflict, the Syndicate is in its strongest positions in nearly 2 decades and I thank the team for all of their best efforts.

Tony Ive Active Underwriter 27<sup>th</sup> February 2024

## Managing Agent's report for the 2021 closing year of account

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

The Directors of Asta Managing Agency Ltd ("Asta") present their report at 31 December 2023 for the 2021 closed year of account.

This report is prepared in accordance with the Lloyd's Syndicate Byelaw (No 8 of 2005). It accompanies the underwriting year accounts prepared on an underwriting year basis of accounting as required by Statutory Instrument No 1950 of 2008, the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### **Business review**

A summary of the 2021 year of account performance is given in the accompanying Underwriter's Report on page 2.

#### **Directors and Officers**

Details of the Directors and Officers of the Managing Agent that were serving at the year end and up to the date of signing of the financial statements are provided on page 1. Changes to Directors and Officers from the last report were as follows:-

E M Catchpole Appointed 1 January 2023
S P A Norton Resigned 23 February 2023
D B Jones Appointed 23 February 2023
C N Griffiths Resigned 28 February 2023
S Bradbury Appointed 22 May 2023
A J Hubbard Resigned 30 June 2023

### Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

So far as each person who was a Director of the Managing Agent at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditors in connection with their report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow Directors of the Agency and the Syndicate's auditor, each Director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a Director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The board of directors of the Managing Agent has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Syndicate's risk and capital management.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board.

C V Barley Director 27<sup>th</sup> February 2024

## Statement of Managing Agent's Responsibilities

The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 require the managing agent to prepare Syndicate underwriting year accounts at 31 December in respect of any underwriting year which is being closed by reinsurance to close which give a true and fair view of the result of the underwriting year at closure. Detailed requirements in respect of the underwriting year accounts are set out in the Lloyd's Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (No 8 of 2005).

In preparing the Syndicate underwriting year accounts, the Managing Agent is required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently throughout each underwriting year and from one underwriting year to the next, subject to changes from newly adopted accounting standards. Where items affect more than one underwriting year, the Managing Agent must ensure that the Syndicate treats the affected member equitably. In particular, the premium charged for reinsurance to close should be equitable between the reinsured and reinsuring members of the Syndicate;
- take into account all income and charges relating to a closed year of account without regard to the date of receipt or payment;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in these accounts.

The Managing Agent is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Syndicate and enable it to ensure that the Syndicate underwriting year accounts comply with the Lloyd's Regulations and Syndicate Accounting Byelaw. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Syndicate and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Managing Agent is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the business website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Syndicate 2525**

#### 2021 Closed Year of Account

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the syndicate underwriting accounts of Syndicate 2525 (the "syndicate") for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet, the Statement of Members' Balances, the Statement of cash flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of accounting policies The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and FRS 103 "Insurance Contracts" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the syndicate underwriting year accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the 2021 closed year of account;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Insurance Accounts
  Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 and have been
  properly prepared in accordance with the Lloyd's Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (No. 8 of
  2005).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the syndicate in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the syndicate underwriting accounts in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Emphasis of matter- closure of 2021 year of account

We draw your attention to the basis of preparation note 1 which explains that the 2021 year of account has closed, and all assets and liabilities transferred to the 2022 year of account by reinsurance to close at 31 December 2023. Consequently the 2021 year of account of syndicate 2525 is no longer a going concern.

The reinsurance to close occurs in the normal course of business for a syndicate after 36 months of development.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Other information

The managing agent is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the 2021 Closed Year Report and Accounts, other than the syndicate underwriting year accounts and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the syndicate underwriting year accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the syndicate underwriting year accounts, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the syndicate underwriting year accounts, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the syndicate underwriting year accounts or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where The Lloyd's Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (No. 8 of 2005) requires us to report to you, if in our opinion:

- the managing agent in respect of the Syndicate has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- the syndicate underwriting year accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records.

#### Responsibilities of the Managing Agent

As explained more fully in the Statement of Managing Agent's Responsibilities set out on page 10, the managing agent is responsible for the preparation of the syndicate underwriting year accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the result for the 2021 closed year of account, and for such internal control as the managing agent determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the syndicate underwriting accounts, the managing agent is responsible for assessing the Syndicate's ability to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, disclosing, as applicable, any matters that impact its ability to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the syndicate underwriting year accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the syndicate underwriting year accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the syndicate underwriting year accounts.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the syndicate's members, as a body, in accordance with The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the syndicate's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the syndicate and the syndicate's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Leanne Finch

(Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Mazars LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
30 Old Bailey
London
EC4M 7AU

Date: 27 February 2024

# **Profit and loss account: Technical account – General business**

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	£'000	£'000
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance			
Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	4	105,498 (21,829)	
			83,669
Reinsurance to close premiums received, net of reinsurance			111,833
Allocated investment return transferred from the non-technical account			4,847
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance			
Claims paid - Gross amount - Reinsurers' share		(40,102) 9,501	
Net claims paid		(30,601)	
Reinsurance to close premium payable net of reinsurance	6	(110,715)	
			(141,316)
Net operating expenses	7		(33,781)
Balance on the technical account – general business			25,252

The underwriting year closed and therefore all items relate to discontinued operations.

## Profit and loss account: Non-technical account

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	£'000
Balance on the technical account – general business		25,252
Investment Income	8	4,561
Unrealised gains on investments	8	1,171
Unrealised losses on investments	8	(476)
Investment expenses and charges	8	(409)
	_	30,099
Allocated investment return transferred to general business technical account		(4,847)
Exchange (losses)		(1,119)
Profit for the closed year of account	5	24,133

The underwriting year closed and therefore all items relate to discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit and loss account. Therefore no statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

# Statement of Members' balances at 31 December 2023

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

	£'000
Profit for the closed year of account	24,133
Members' agents' fees paid on behalf of members	(458)
Members' balances carried forward at 31 December 2023	23,675

## **Balance sheet**

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	£'000	£'000
ASSETS			
Investments			
Other financial investments Deposits with ceding undertakings	9 11	107,479 55	407 524
Debtors  Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations Other debtors, prepayments and accrued income	12 13	116 - 569	107,534 685
Reinsurance recoveries anticipated on gross reinsurance premiums payable to close the account	6		65,176
Other Assets Cash at bank and in hand			33,304
TOTAL ASSETS			206,699
LIABILITIES			
Amounts due to members			23,675
Reinsurance to close premiums payable to close the account – gross amount	6		175,891
Creditors Creditors arising out of direct insurance business Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations Profit commission & Other Creditors Accruals	14 15	1,595 16 5,122 400	7,133
TOTAL LIABILITIES			206,699

The notes on pages 13 to 24 form part of these financial statements.

The Syndicate underwriting year accounts were approved by the Board of Asta Managing Agency Ltd on 22<sup>nd</sup> February 2024 and were signed on its behalf by

R P Barke Director 27<sup>th</sup> February 2024

# **Statement of cash flows**

	Notes	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the year of account		24,133
Net unrealised gains and foreign exchange		2,804
Increase in debtors		(76)
Increase in creditors		2,459
Non cash consideration received as part of RITC received	10	(107,299)
RITC premium payable, net of reinsurance		110,715
Net cash inflow from operating activities		32,736
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net sale of portfolio investments		1,081
Deposits with ceding undertakings	11	(55)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		1,026
Cash flows from financing activities		
Members' agents fees paid on behalf of members		(458)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		33,304
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 2021		-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year of account	11	33,304

### Notes to the financial statements

For the 36 months ended 31 December 2023

### 1. Basis of preparation

The Syndicate underwriting year accounts have been prepared under the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 ("the Lloyd's Regulations") and in accordance with the Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (No. 8 of 2005) and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom, including relevant disclosures of Financial Reporting Standard 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK ("FRS 102") and Financial Reporting Standard 103 Insurance Contracts ("FRS 103").

Members participate on a Syndicate by reference to a year of account and each Syndicate year of account is a separate annual venture. These accounts relate to the 2021 year of account which has been closed by reinsurance to close at 31 December 2023. Consequently the balance sheet represents the assets and liabilities of the 2021 year of account at the date of closure and the profit and loss account reflects the transactions for that year of account during the 36 months period until closure.

The 2021 underwriting year has now closed. The Directors of the Managing Agent have prepared the underwriting year accounts on a non-going concern basis. There was no effect of this on the amounts reported in the accounts.

As each Syndicate year of account is a separate annual venture, there are no comparative figures.

## 2. Accounting policies

### Significant accounting estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, the directors of the Managing Agent have made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Syndicate's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The measurement of the provision for claims outstanding involves judgements and assumptions about the future that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the annual accounts.

The provision for claims outstanding comprises the estimated cost of settling all claims incurred but unpaid at the balance sheet date, whether reported or not. This is a judgemental and complex area due to the subjectivity inherent in estimating the impact of claims events that have occurred but for which the eventual outcome remains uncertain. In particular, judgement is applied when estimating the value of amounts that should be provided for claims that have been incurred at the reporting date but have not yet been reported (IBNR) to the Syndicate.

The ultimate cost of outstanding claims is estimated using a range of techniques including actuarial and statistical projections, benchmarking, case by case review and judgement. Statistical techniques assume that past claims development experience can be used as a basis to project ultimate claims costs. Judgement is used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future. Case estimates are generally set by skilled claims technicians applying their experience and knowledge to the circumstances of individual claims.

Whilst the Directors consider that the gross provision for claims and the related reinsurance recoveries are fairly stated based on the information currently available to them, the ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events.

#### **Underwriting transactions**

The underwriting accounts for each year of account are normally kept open for three years before the result on that year is determined. At the end of that three year period, outstanding liabilities can normally be determined with sufficient accuracy to permit the year of account to be closed by payment of a reinsurance to close premium to the successor year of account.

Gross premiums are allocated to years of account on the basis of the inception date of the policy. Commission and brokerage are charged to the year of account to which the relevant policy is allocated. Policies written under binding authorities, lineslips or consortium arrangements are allocated to the year of account into which the arrangement incepts. Additional and return premiums follow the year of account of the original premium. Premiums are shown gross of brokerage payable and exclude taxes and duties levied on them. Estimates are made for pipeline premiums, representing amounts due, but not yet notified to the Syndicate year of account.

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the balance of premiums written in the period to the balance sheet date that relate to unexpired risks of policies in force at that date, calculated on the basis of established earnings patterns or time apportionment as appropriate.

Outwards reinsurance premiums ceded are attributed to the same year as the original risk being produced.

Gross claims paid are allocated to the same year of account as that to which the corresponding premiums are allocated and include internal and external claims settlement expenses. Reinsurance recoveries are allocated to the year of account to which the claim was charged.

The reinsurance to close premium is determined by reference to the outstanding technical provisions (including those for outstanding claims and unearned premiums, net of deferred acquisition costs and unexpired risks) relating to the closed year and to all previous closed years reinsured therein. Although this estimate of net outstanding liabilities is considered to be fair and reasonable, it is implicit in the estimation procedure that the ultimate liabilities will be at variance from the premium so determined. The reinsurance to close premium transfers the liability in respect of all claims, reinsurance premiums, return premiums and other payments in respect of the closing year (and previous closed years reinsured therein) to the members of the successor year of account and gives them the benefit of refunds, recoveries, premiums due and other income in respect of those years in so far as they have not been credited in these accounts.

The outstanding claims comprise amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR).

Notified claims are estimated on a case by case basis with regard to the circumstances as reported, any information available from loss adjusters and previous experience of the cost of settling claims with similar characteristics. The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by the Syndicate's external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience of the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The provision for claims includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to the reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved.

The Syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making the above estimates. The two most critical assumptions as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used for current business are fair reflections of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly.

A provision for unexpired risks is created where claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs, likely to arise after the balance sheet date in respect of contracts relating to the closing year of account, are expected to exceed the unearned premiums and premiums receivable under these contracts, after the deduction of any acquisition costs deferred.

The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return.

At 31 December 2023 the Syndicate did not have an unexpired risk provision (2021 nil). Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other internal and external costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial assets and liabilities

In applying FRS 102, the Syndicate has chosen to apply the recognition and measurement provisions of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (as adopted for use in the EU).

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss comprise financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading and those designated as such on initial recognition. Investments in shares and other variable yield securities, units in unit trusts, and debt and other fixed income securities are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition, as they are managed on a fair value basis in accordance with the Syndicate's investment strategy.

Financial instruments are recognised when the Syndicate becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised if the Syndicate's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Syndicate transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control of substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. A financial liability is derecognised when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised, as applicable, on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Syndicate commits itself to purchase or sell the asset.

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus, for a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with fair value changes recognised immediately in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss includes foreign exchange gains/losses arising on their translation to the functional currency, but excludes interest and dividend income.

At each reporting date the Syndicate assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. Financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of an asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows on the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Syndicate about any significant financial difficulty of the issuer, or significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

An impairment loss recognised reduces directly the carrying amount of the impaired asset. All impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial assets measured at amortised cost the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Investment return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses, charges and interest.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive income is established. Usually this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities. Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method. For the purpose of separately presenting investment income and unrealised gains and losses for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, interest income is recognised as it accrues on the next coupon payment.

For investments at fair value through profit or loss, realised gains and losses represent the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the purchase price. For investments measured at amortised cost, realised gains and losses represents the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the latest carrying value (or if acquired after the last reporting date, the purchase price).

Unrealised gains and losses on investments represent the difference between the fair value at the balance sheet date and their purchase price. Movements in unrealised investment gains and losses comprise the increase/decrease in the reporting period in the value of the investments held at the reporting date and the reversal of unrealised investment gains and losses recognised in earlier reporting periods in respect of investment disposals of the current period, or the valuation at the beginning of the year; as well as the reversal of previously recognised unrealised gains and losses in respect of investment disposed of in the current period.

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. The return is transferred in full to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting underwriting business.

### Syndicate operating expenses & profit commission

Costs incurred by the Managing Agent in respect of the Syndicate are charged to the Syndicate and included within the relevant profit and loss account heading. Where expenses do not relate to any specific year of account they are apportioned between years of account on a basis which reflects the benefit obtained by each year of account from each type of expense.

Where expenses are incurred jointly by the Managing Agent and the Syndicate, they are apportioned as follows:

- Salaries and Related Costs
   According to time of each individual spent on Syndicate matters.
- Accommodation Costs
   According to number of personnel.
- Other Costs
   As appropriate in each case.
- Profit Commission
   Profit commission is charged by the Managing Agent at a rate of 17.5% of profit subject to the operation of a deficit clause. Such commission does not become payable until

after the appropriate year of account closes, normally at 36 months.

Pensions
 The Managing Agent operates a defined contribution pension scheme and its recharges to the Syndicate in respect of salaries and related costs include an element

recharges to the Syndicate in respect of salaries and related costs include an element for pension costs. These pension costs are expensed in full in the period to which the recharge relates.

Amounts recharged by the Managing Agent include costs arising from the use of assets in the period. These rental costs are expensed in full in the period to which the recharge relates.

#### **Taxation**

Under Schedule 19 of the Finance Act 1993 managing agents are not required to deduct basic rate income tax from trading income. In addition, all UK basic income tax deducted from Syndicate investment income is recoverable by managing agents and consequently the distribution made to members or their members' agents is gross of tax. Capital appreciation falls within trading income and is also distributed gross of tax. It is the responsibility of members to agree and settle their individual tax liabilities with HM Revenue & Customs.

Members resident overseas for tax purposes are responsible for agreeing and settling any tax liabilities with the taxation authorities of their country of residence.

#### Foreign currencies

The Syndicate's functional currency and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are initially recorded in the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities (which include all assets and liabilities arising from insurance contracts including unearned premiums and deferred acquisition costs) denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling on the reporting date.

Exchange differences are recorded in the non-technical account.

### 3. Risk management

Effective from 31 December 2023, the RITC process means that Insurance, Financial, Credit, Liquidity, Market and Capital risks are transferred to the accepting 2021 Year of Account of the Syndicate. Accordingly, these Underwriting Year accounts do not have any associated disclosures as required by section 34 of FRS 102 and FRS 103. Full disclosures relating to these risks are provided in the main Annual accounts of the Syndicate.

#### 4. Particulars of business written

An analysis of the underwriting result before investment return is set out below:

	Gross Premiums Written and Earned £'000	Gross Claims Incurred £'000	Net Operating Expenses £'000	Reinsurance Balance £'000	Total £'000
Direct Insurance: Third Party Liability	105,498	(42,271)	(33,781)	(9,041)	20,405
Total	105,498	(42,271)	(33,781)	(9,041)	20,405

All business is written in the United Kingdom. Analysis by destination is not materially different from the analysis above.

Gross operating expenses are the same as net operating expenses.

## 5. Analysis of result by year of account

	2020 & prior years of account £'000	2021 Pure Year £'000	2021 Total £'000
Technical account balance before allocated investment return and net operating expenses Brokerage and commission on gross premium	15,276 (210) 15,066	38,910 (19,400) 19,510	54,186 (19,610) 34,576
Other acquisition costs Net other expenses Investment income and Foreign Exchange Balance on technical account	(2,261) (988) 11,817	(1,597) (10,313) 4,716 12,316	(1,597) (12,574) 3,728 24,133

# 6. Reinsurance to close premium payable net of reinsurance

	Reported £000	IBNR £000	Total £000
Gross outstanding losses	(114,638)	(61,253)	(175,891)
Reinsurance recoveries anticipated	` 38,386	26,790	65,176
Net outstanding losses	(76,252)	(34,463)	(110,715)

# 7. Net operating expenses

	£'000
Acquisition costs	(21,207)
Standard personal expenses	(6,686)
Administration expenses	(5,888)
	(33,781)
	£'000
The closed year profit is stated after charging:	
, idaile, e remaine, direction	
	(140)
Other services pursuant to legislation	(30)
	(170)
Auditor's remuneration:  Fees payable to the Syndicate's auditor for the audit of these financial statements  Fees payable to the Syndicate's auditor and its associates in respect of:	£'000 (140)

## 8. Investment income

	£'000
Income from investments Unrealised gains on investments	4,561 1.171
Unrealised losses on investments Investment expenses and charges	(476) (409)
invocation superious and charges	4,847

### 9. Investments

	Fair Value £'000	Cost £'000
Holdings in collective investment schemes	16,036	16,036
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	74,931	73,843
Overseas deposits	15,323	15,323
Lloyd's Central Fund Loan	1,189	1,189
	107,479	106,391

There was no material change in fair value for financial instruments held at fair value attributable to own credit risk.

#### Investments continued

The following table shows financial investments recorded at fair value analysed between the three levels in the fair value hierarchy.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
31 December 2023					
Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts	4,558	11,478	1,189	17,225	
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	-	74,931	-	74,931	
Overseas deposits	149	15,174	-	15,323	
Total	4,707	101,583	1,189	107,479	

Included in the level 1 category are financial assets that are measured by reference to published quotes in an active market. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry syndicate, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Included in the level 2 category are financial assets measured using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are supported by prices from observable current market transactions. For example, assets for which pricing is obtained via pricing services but where prices have not been determined in an active market, financial assets with fair values based on broker quotes, investments in private equity funds with fair values obtained via fund managers and assets that are valued using the Syndicate's own models whereby the significant inputs into the assumptions are market observable.

The level 3 category is financial assets measured using a valuation technique (model) based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. Therefore, unobservable inputs reflect the Syndicate's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These inputs are developed based on the best information available, which might include the Syndicate's own data.

Lloyd's Central Fund Loan is categorized as a Level 3 Investment.

# 10. Non cash consideration received as part of RITC received

	£′000
Portfolio investments	111,364
Debtors	609
Creditors	(4,674)
Non cash consideration received	107,299

# 11. Movement in cash and portfolio investments net of financing

	At 1 January 2021	Received within RITC Premium	Cash flow	Unrealised losses & foreign exchange	At 31 December 2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash Deposits with ceding	-	17,855	15,546	(97)	33,304
undertakings	-	-	55	-	55
Portfolio Investments		111,364	(1,081)	(2,804)	107,479
		129,219	14,520	(2,901)	140,838

# 12. Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations

	£'000
Due within one year	116
	116
13. Debtors Arising out of reinsurance operations	
	£'000
Due within one year	
14. Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations	
14. Orealtors arising out of direct insurance operations	Cinna
	£'000
Due within one year	(1,595) (1,595)
15. Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations	
	£'000
Due within one year	(16)
	(16)

#### 16. Disclosure of interests

### **Managing Agent's interest**

During 2023 Asta was the Managing Agent for twelve Syndicates, one Special Purpose Arrangements and five Syndicates in a Box. Syndicates 1322, 1609, 1699, 1892, 1985, 1988, 2288, 2525, 2689, 2786, 4242 and 4747 as well as Special Purpose Arrangements 1416 and Syndicates in a Box 1796, 1902, 2880, 3456 and 5183 were managed on behalf of third party capital providers.

On 1 January 2024, Asta took on the management of Syndicate in a box 1922

On 1 January 2024, Asta reinsured to close Syndicate 2288 into Renaissance Re Syndicate 1458

The agency also provides administrative services to Syndicates and Special Purpose Arrangements, also undertaking several ancillary roles for other clients.

The Financial Statements of the Managing Agency can be obtained by application to the Registered Office (see page 1).

### 17. Related parties

The ultimate parent company of Asta Managing Agency Ltd is Tennessee Topco Limited following the acquisition of Asta Capital by the Davies group Limited on the 13th July 2022.

Asta provides services and support to Syndicate 2525 in its capacity as Managing Agent. The 2021 year of account was charged managing agency fees of £0.860m. Asta also recharged £3.1m worth of service charges to the 2021 year of account. As at 31 December 2023, nothing was owed to Asta in respect of this service. Agency staff are employed and paid by a service company, Asta Management Services Limited.

There was no residual inter-company balance at the period end.

Syndicate 2525 has recorded £5.119m for profit commission.

From time to time, Syndicates managed by Asta enter into (re)insurance contracts with one another. All such transactions are subject to Asta's internal controls which ensure that all are compliant with Lloyd's Related Party Byelaw provisions. All transactions are entered into on an arms length basis.

#### 18. Post balance sheet event

The 2021 underwriting year result, less members' agents' fees, of £24.1m will be distributed to members during 2024.

# **Summary of Closed Year Results (Unaudited)**

as at 31 December 2023

as at 51 December 2020	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2016 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2019 £'000	2020 £'000	2021 £'000
Syndicate allocated capacity Number of Underwriting	42,000	42,203	49,827	47,990	64,365	69,625	79,359	85,968
members	547	542	544	538	583	600	613	618
Aggregate net premiums	27,510	30,558	33,193	34,880	46,636	49,957	51,069	62,462
Results for an illustrative share of £10,000								
_	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Gross premiums	10,246	11,221	10,095	11,464	11,635	11,495	11,004	12,272
Net premiums Reinsurance to close from an	6,550	7,241	6,662	7,268	7,246	7,175	6,435	7,266
earlier account	13,928	14,596	12,855	14,895	12,296	13,355	13,180	13,009
Net claims	(3,467)	(4,304)	(3,068)	(3,967)	(3,527)	(2,966)	(2,922)	(3,560)
Reinsurance to close	(14,642)	(15,225)	(14,391)	(16,489)	(14,480)	(14,741)	(14,270)	(12,879)
Profit/(Loss) on exchange	37	-	(124)	(52)	(28)	(9)	284	(130)
Syndicate operating expenses	(1,095)	(1,153)	(1,080)	(1,260)	(825)	(941)	(723)	(685)
Balance on technical account	1,311	1,155	854	395	682	1,873	1,984	3,021
Investment income less investment expenses and charges and investment gains less losses	177	122	109	281	277	90	147	564
1635 105365	177	122	109	201	211	90	147	304
Profit on ordinary activities	1,488	1,277	963	675	960	1,963	2,131	3,585
Illustrative personal expenses								
Managing agent's fee Profit commission Other personal expenses (excluding members' agents fees)	100 229	100 191	100 137	104 85	101 135	42 100	38 101	40 100
	81	87	80	87	85	43	39	42
Profit on ordinary activities after illustrative managing agent's fee and profit commission and illustrative personal expenses	410	378	317	276	321	185	178	182
Total of Syndicate operating expenses, managing agent's fee and profit commission	1,424	1,443	1,317	1,449	1,061	1,083	862	825
·	·			•	•	,		
Capacity utilised	83.5%	91.2%	82.8%	93.8%	94.4%	93.9%	89.4%	99.9%
Net capacity utilised	65.5%	72.4%	66.6%	72.7%	72.5%	71.8%	64.4%	72.7%
Underwriting profit ratio	12.8%	10.3%	8.5%	3.4%	5.9%	16.3%	18.0%	24.6%

### Notes

- 1. The summary of closed year results has been prepared from the audited accounts of the Syndicate.
- Personal expenses have been stated at the amount which would be incurred pro rata by individual Names
  writing the illustrative premium income in the Syndicate irrespective of any minimum charge applicable.
  Corporate members may be charged at different rates. Foreign tax, which may be treated as a credit for
  personal tax purposes, has been excluded.
- 3. As regards the 2021 year of account, an illustrative share of £10,000 represents 0.0126% of the respective allocated capacity.