CANADA - REGULATORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS TABLE As At June 1st, 2022



Mandatory Policy documentation requirements:

- Name of Insurer: "Lloyd's Underwriters" must be prominently displayed on declaration page under the heading of Name of Insurer.
 Made In Canada language: "For the purpose of the Insurance Companies Act (Canada), this Canadian Policy was issued in the course of Lloyd's Underwriters' insurance business in Canada"

Province / Territory	Title / Description	Who To Report	When To Report	Reporting Method	Additional Information
ALBERTA	Unclaimed Personal Property & Vested Property The Alberta legislation for unclaimed property is under the Alberta Unclaimed Personal Property and Vested Property Act. Once the property has met the abandonment criteria, then the unclaimed property must be remitted to the Alberta Treasury Board and Finance, Tax and Revenue Administration department within 120 days of the end of the year.	Alberta Treasury Board and Finance, Tax and Revenue Administration	Within 120 days of the end of the year. Where a claim is made by the government, 120 days from receipt of the claim.	instructions http://www.finance.alb erta.ca/business/uncl	The Act applies to those properties belonging to one owner that are valued at more than \$250 for intangible properties or more than \$1000 for tangible properties. The obligations posed and time periods are more fully outlined in the <i>Alberta</i> <i>Unclaimed Personal Property and Vested Property Act</i> . Refer to the link below: <u>Alberta Unclaimed Personal Property and Vested Property Act</u>
	 Professional Indemnity/Errors & Omissions ("E&O") Annual Audit Requirements The AIC conducts an annual Errors and Omissions (E&O) Audit on the licenced insurance agents, brokers and independent adjusters to confirm they hold valid E&O coverage. Insurers are required to assist the AIC in this process, in accordance with the legislative requirements per the Insurance Act, RSA 2000, Chapter 1-3 ("the Act) and the Insurance Agents and Adjusters Regulation AR 122/2001. Lloyd's underwriters writing E&O coverage in the Province of Alberta must meet the statutory and minimum requirements and ensure compliance with the Regulations. 	To Lloyd's Canada at info@lloyds.ca	Lloyd's Canada (The Insurer) to provide 30 days' advance notice of cancellation or non- renewal	By email	Refer to the link below: 1. <u>Insurance Agents and Adjusters Regulations, AR 122/2001, Sections 33-36</u>

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ALBERTA	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O insurance and conform to the minimum requirements	Alberta Insurance Council	Licensees must immediately cease all activities of insurance and provide notice within 5 business days.		The errors and omissions insurance required in respect of a business that holds a certificate of authority, other than a restricted certificate, must provide coverage of at least CAN\$500 000 per claim with a maximum policy pay-out for all claims of CAN \$2 000 000 in a policy year, and the policy must be issued in the name of the business and the insurance must provide coverage for the employees and independent contractors of the business who hold certificates of authority. The errors and omissions insurance required in respect of a business that holds a restricted certificate must provide coverage of at least CAN \$500,000 per claim, with a maximum policy pay out for all claims in a policy year determined by multiplying \$500,000 by the number of employees of the business who act or offer to act as insurance agents, to a maximum of CAN \$2 000 000. Refer to the link below:
BRITISH COLUMBIA	Health Care Costs Recovery The collection of health care costs from third party insurers or wrongdoers.	BC Ministry of Health Services	Within 21 days after commencing a claim and/or 21 days prior notice before entering into a settlement of the tort action.	Prescribed forms to be submitted by registered mail or electronically: 1. <u>Notice of Legal</u> <u>Proceeding</u> 2. <u>Information from</u> <u>Insurer</u> 3. <u>Beneficiary's</u> <u>Notice to Minister</u> 4. <u>Notice of</u> <u>Proposed Terms</u> <u>of Settlement</u>	Refer to the links below: <u>Health Care Costs Recovery Act</u> <u>Health Care Costs Recovery Regulation</u>
	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O insurance and conform to the minimum requirements.	BC Insurance Council	Licensees must immediately cease all activities of insurance and provide notice within 5 business days.	Electronically	 General Agent/Accident & Sickness Agent/Sales Person/Adjuster/Restricted Travel Insurance Agencies: Minimum \$1,000,000 per claim and; A minimum aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. Refer to the link below: <u>BC Insurance Council Rules, Rule 7(11)</u>

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Financial Services Authority (BCFSA) (formely Financial Institutions Commission-FICOM)Canada will report directly to the BCFSA.)writtenbe submitted electronicallysellers and creditors to have robust and effective oversight and the sale and distribution of CGI products. Any group product un well-being of a number of a creditor's debtors are insured under considered a CGI product.Unclaimed PropertyBritish Columbia unclaimed PropertyBritish Columbia unclaimed Property Society (BCUPS)As soon as the property becomes unclaimedBy registered mail or electronicallyRefer to the links below: FICOM letter dated January 4, 2016Under the British Columbia Unclaimed property Act, companies are legally required to try and find owners of unclaimed property. If they are not successful, the companies are required to maintain aAs soon as the property becomes unclaimedBy registered mail or electronicallyRefer to the links below: British Columbia Unclaimed Property Act, British Columbia Unclaimed Property Society	nation	Additional Information	oorting Method	When To Report	Who To Report	Title / Description	Province / Territory
Under the British Columbia Unclaimed Property Act, companies are legally required to try and find owners of unclaimed property. If they are not successful, the companies are required to maintain a	oversight and controls in place for oup product under which the lives o	Refer to the links below: <u>FICOM Information Bulletin INS-15-002</u>	ubmitted		Canada will report	Financial Services Authority (BCFSA) (formely Financial Institutions	
order to facilitate the return of unclaimed property to the owner.		British Columbia Unclaimed Property Act			unclaimed Property Society (BCUPS)	Under the British Columbia Unclaimed Property Act, companies are legally required to try and find owners of unclaimed property. If they are not successful, the companies are required to maintain a database that is available to the public in order to facilitate the return of unclaimed	

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MANITOBA	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O insurance and conform to the minimum requirements, including coverage for fraudulent and dishonest acts.	Financial Institutions and	Licensees must provide at least 15 days' advance notice in case of termination or non- renewal of the insurance contract	Registered Mail	 Accident and Sickness: Minimum \$1,000,000 of any one occurrence, with overall policy aggregate of at least \$5,000,000. Policies must include extended reporting for a period of 5 years, to cover for errors and omissions that were made before the inception of the insurance, provided that the errors and omissions were made after June 1, 2001, and that the insured had no knowledge of the claim. General insurance agent/broker: Minimum \$1,000,000 of any one occurrence, with overall policy aggregate of at least \$2,000,000. Policies must include extended reporting for a period of one year, to cover for errors and omissions that were made before the inception of the insurance, provided that the errors and omissions were made after June 1, 2001, and that the insured had no knowledge of the claim. Adjuster: Minimum \$1,000,000 of any one occurrence, with overall policy aggregate of at least \$1,000,000. Policies must include extended reporting for a period of one year, to cover for errors and omissions were made after June 1, 2001, and that the insured had no knowledge of the claim. Adjuster: Minimum \$1,000,000 of any one occurrence, with overall policy aggregate of at least \$1,000,000. Policies must include extended reporting for a period of one year, to cover for errors and omissions that were made before the inception of the insurance, provided that the errors and omissions were made after July 1, 2001, and that the insured had no knowledge of the claim. Adjuster: Minimum \$1,000,000 of any one occurrence, with overall policy aggregate of at least \$1,000,000. Policies must include extended reporting for a period of one year, to cover for errors and omissions that were made before the inception of the insurance, provided that the errors and omissions were made after July 1, 2001, and that the insured had no knowledge of the claim. Refer to the links below: Manitoba Insurance Act, Sections 371(1.1) and 385(5.1) Insurance Agents and Adjusters Regulation,
	New Unclaimed Property Program - Notice of Adoption: Rule UP-001 and Rule UP-002 As of January 1, 2022, New Brunswick businesses holding lost or forgotten money are required to try to find the owners. If unsuccessful, they need to report and remit the money to the Unclaimed Property Program according to the time period specified in the UP-001 rule. Once the full program is in place in 2023, FCNB will keep an updated online list of unclaimed money for businesses to keep track of unclaimed money.	Services Commissions (FCNB)	The full program will be in place in 2023, with the first filing period from January 1 to March 31, 2023.	Electronically	If the holder "carries on business" in New Brunswick, they need to comply with the <i>Unclaimed Property Act</i> and the Rules. The concept of "carries on business" is defined in section 6 of the <i>Act</i> . Stakeholders need to determine if they hold any unclaimed property at the end of the 2022 calendar year, which typically means that they have not had any communication with the individual property owner in the last three years. In addition, section 2 of the <i>Unclaimed Property Act</i> establishes that the application of the <i>Act</i> also applies to the preceding five years. Stakeholders need to review their books for unclaimed property for the calendar years: 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017. Refer to the links below: <u>Unclaimed Property Act</u> <u>The Rules</u> <u>FundsFinderNB: https://www.fundsfindernb.ca/en-US/for-holders/</u>

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NEWFOUNDLAND/ LABRADOR	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O and Fidelity insurance and conform to the minimum requirements.	Newfoundland Superintendent of Insurance	Licensees must provide 60 days' notice of cancellation or non-renewal		Maintain liability insurance of at least \$1,000,000, or \$1,500, 000 in the case of a special insurance broker, in respect of an occurrence with regard to negligent acts, errors or omissions with extended coverage for loss resulting from fraudulent acts pertaining to the licensed activity. Maintain fidelity insurance against losses arising from dishonesty of employees, a proprietor, partners, directors, officers and shareholders for an amount of at least \$100,000 in respect of an occurrence. Refer to the link below: <u>Newfoundland Insurance Adjusters, Agents and Brokers, Regulations 989/96, Sections 36 and 37</u>
	<i>Fire Safety</i> Information to be set out with respect to every fire occurring in the previous month and in which the company is interested as insurer.	Fire Marshal	Within seven (7) days of the end of every month	Preliminary Insurance Report Form	Refer to the link below: <u>Fire Safety Act</u>
	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O and Fidelity insurance and conform to the minimum requirements.	Nova Scotia Superintendent of Insurance	Licensees must provide notice of cancellation or non- renewal of the policy which shall not become effective until 30 days after actual receipt of notice		 Minimum of \$500,000 with extended coverage for loss resulting from fraudulent acts of employees; or some other form of financial guarantee as approved by the Superintendent of not less than \$500,000 in coverage in respect of any one occurrence. General insurance agencies need to maintain fidelity insurance against losses arising from dishonesty of employees, a proprietor or partners, directors and officers in a form approved by the Superintendent for an amount of not less than \$100,000 in coverage. Refer to the link below:

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	Ontario Health Insurance Plan (OHIP) - Subrogation In Non-Auto Claims A liability insurer shall provide notice of negotiations for settlement of any claim for damages.			reporting form can be obtained from the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care – Subrogation Unit	The General Manager must be notified of any claim for damages including insured services and may pay to the Minister of Finance any amount referable to a claim for recovery of the cost of [OHIP] insured services and such payment discharges the obligation of the liability insurer to pay that amount to the insured person. Refer to the link below: <u>Health Insurance Act R.S.O. 1990 (section 35)</u>

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ONTARIO	Commercial Liability Statistical Plan The Superintendent has the authority under the <u>Ontario Insurance Act</u> to collect experience from all licensed insurers in a form approved by the Superintendent. The requirements of the Province of Ontario relating to Commercial Liability are specified in the mandated Commercial Liability Statistical Plan.	Lloyd's Canada (for Binding Authority business <u>not settled</u> via Lineage Accounting & Settlement)	The transaction is to be reported to Lloyd's Canada in the month it is to be settled with Lloyd's Underwriters.	 On-line using Lineage Insurance Reporting Services. OR: With special agreement, by means of a csv file format that conforms to Lloyd's Canada specifications (IBC Upload Facility). Please contact info@lloyds.ca for further information and/or to arrange a training session. 	It is essential that business reported in the quarterly and annual P & C fillings reconcile with the information reported to IBC. In order to achieve this, it is important that Coverholders only report London settled business where one of the risk codes* has been assigned to a Binding Authority section. *For applicable Binding Authority Risk Codes please refer to Lloyd's Canada <u>website</u> for relevant bulletin(s). Canadian Binding Authorities must include the relevant addenda to reflect the method of data capture and the method of settlement to be used, i.e. Scheme Canada or Non-Scheme. Please refer to Crystal <u>https://crystal.lloyds.com</u> for the list of addenda.

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	Licensees must maintain E&O and Fidelity insurance and conform to the minimum requirements. Boiler and Machinery Business	Brokers of Ontario (RIBO) Director of the Technical Standards & Safety	Licensees must provide notice of cancellation or non- renewal of the policy which shall not become effective until 30 days after actual receipt of notice.	In writing	 Sole Proprietor, Partnership, Corporation: (a) extended coverage for loss resulting from fraudulent acts; or (b) some other form of financial guarantee, in a form approved by the RIBO Manager in an amount of at least \$3,000,000 in respect of any one occurrence. Fidelity insurance against losses arising from dishonesty of employees, a proprietor or partners, directors, officers and shareholders in a form approved by the RIBO Manager for an amount of at least \$100,000 in respect of any one occurrence. Automatic minimum 12 month extended reporting period will be provided if the insurer or the named insured cancels or refuses to renew the policy for any reason. Refer to the link below: <i>Registered Insurance Brokers Act, R.R.O., Regulation 991, Sections 19 and 20</i> Refer to the Technical Standards & Safety Authority (TSSA) website: https://www.tssa.org/en/index.aspx.
			cancellation, suspension or expiry of insurance on a boiler, pressure vessel, fitting or piping, together with the reasons therefor.		
QUEBEC		maladie du Québec (RAMQ)	As soon as the insurer is informed of an event involving physical or mental injury that entails or might entail the payment of insured services.		RAMQ advises that in order to conform to Article 18, Enactment 2.1 of the <i>Health Insurance Act</i> , the <i>Avis de dommages corporels</i> form needs to be completed. Refer to the link below: <u>Health Insurance Act, Chapter A-29, Article 18, Enactment 2.1</u> <u>Projet de loi no. 92</u>

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QUEBEC	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O insurance, that includes extension of coverage, and conform to the minimum requirements.	Lloyd's Canada (Lloyd's Canada will report directly to the AMF.)	 Insurer's to provide: By Jan. 5: All claims from Jul. 1- Dec. 31 By Jan. 5: All new/amended wordings Jul.1 - Dec. 31 By Jul. 5: All claims from Jan. 1 to Jun. 30 By Jul. 5: All new/amended wordings Jan. 1 - Jun. 30 	Refer to Lloyd's Canada <u>website</u> for relevant forms.	 Policies must include extension of coverage: 5 years beyond the term of insurance; As of the date the registration was suspended or cancelled and/or representatives ceased to pursue activities (whether he is still alive or not). Lloyd's Canada is responsible for reporting to the AMF on behalf of brokers who provide E & O through Lloyd's Underwriters. Refer to the links below: <i>Act Respecting the Distribution of Financial Products and Services</i> (<i>R.S.Q., c. D-9.2</i>). <i>Regulation Respecting the Pursuit of Activities as a Representative (R.R.Q., c. D-9.2 r.10)</i> <i>Regulation Respecting Firms, Independent Representatives and Independent Partnerships (R.R.Q., c. D-9.2, r.2)</i> <i>AMF Professional Liability Contract Drafting Guide, Appendix C, Mandatory Clauses</i>
	Professional Indemnity/E&O Reporting Requirements Licensees must maintain E&O insurance, that includes extension of coverage, and conform to the minimum requirements.		Insurer's to provide: Policy cancellation or Non- renewal: 45 days' advance notice	Refer to Lloyd's Canada <u>website</u> for relevant forms.	See above information
	Products and services offered via the Internet As indicated in section 86.0.1 of the Distribution Act, firms that offer financial products or services via the Internet must comply with certain obligations applicable to representatives. A firm must comply with the Regulation as soon as it enables clients to enter into contracts through its digital space.		Any firm that offers a financial product or service via the Internet must inform the Authority without delay.	AMF <u>E-Services</u>	 Required annual disclosures must be made through the firm's maintenance of registration application. In addition to transaction volume, section 5 of the Regulation requires firms disclose annually to the Authority the number of cases where insurance contracts entered into over the Internet were cancelled. Refer to the links below: <u>Products and services offered via the Internet</u> <u>Notice relating to the application of the Regulation respecting alternative distribution</u>

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QUEBEC	Unclaimed Property The Québec legislation for unclaimed property is under the Unclaimed Property Act. Once the property has met the abandonment criteria, the legislation imposes an annual requirement to remit any unclaimed property to Revenu Québec. The remittance must be accompanied by a report respecting the property.	Revenu Quebec	The first quarter following the end of the fiscal year in which the property became unclaimed		Refer to the links below: <u>Unclaimed Property Act</u> <u>Revenu Québec</u> <u>Guide for Holders: Unclaimed Property</u>
SASKATCHEWAN	Professional Indemnity/E&O Licensees must maintain E&O insurance and conform to the minimum requirements.	Insurance Councils of Saskatchewan	Licensees must provide immediate notice of cancellation or non-renewal	Any written form	 Accident and Sickness agency/agent: Must provide evidence of separate dedicated E&O limits: Minimum \$1,000,000 coverage and minimum \$1,000,000 extended coverage for loss resulting from fraudulent or dishonest acts. General insurance agency/agent/adjuster: Minimum of \$1,000,000 coverage and a minimum aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. Refer to the link below: 1. <u>General Insurance Council Bylaws, Schedule A, Part II, Section 7 and Part III, Section 6</u>
	Professional Indemnity/E&O Reporting Requirements In relation with the above, the Coverholder/Broker is also responsible to advise the ICS when the licensee's E&O coverage/policy ends, whether it lapses or is cancelled.	the Insurance Councils of Saskatchewan	Coverholder/Broker must provide immediate notice of cancellation or non-renewal	A letter via email to info@skcouncil.sk.ca	Link to the Errors & Omissions Insurers Backgrounder of the Insurance Councils of Saskatchewan: <u>https://icsask.wpengine.com/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2018/11/eo_insurers_backgrounder_FINAL.pdf</u>
	<i>Hail Insurance</i> If writing or planning to write hail insurance, Lloyd's Canada must be advised	Lloyd's Canada	As soon as possible	info@lloyds.ca	 Hail insurance agency/agent must maintain a minimum of \$250,000 coverage for Professional Indemnity/E&O and a minimum aggregate limit of \$500,000. Refer to the link below: <u>Hail Insurance Council Bylaws, Schedule A, Part II, Section 4</u>

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ALBERTA NEW BRUNSWICK NEWFOUNDLAND NOVA SCOTIA ONTARIO PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND QUÉBEC YUKON NUNAVUT NORTHWEST TERRITORIES	The Insurance Bureau of Canada (IBC) and	Lloyd's Canada (for Binding Authority business <u>not settled</u> via Lineage Accounting & Settlement)	The transaction is to be reported to Lloyd's Canada in the month it is to be settled with Lloyd's Underwriters	Business must be reported through the Lineage Insurance Reporting Services. Refer to Lloyd's Canada <u>website</u> for relevant bulletin(s). Managing Agents and Lloyd's brokers are encouraged to ensure their Coverholders (and Third Party Administrators) have	 Every automobile risk/claim component written under a Binding Authority not settled through Lloyd's Canada/Lineage Accounting & Settlement must be reported to IBC/GAA. Business reported and settled via Lineage Accounting & Settlement automatically satisfies the regulatory reporting requirements. It is essential that business reported in the quarterly and annual P & C 2 fillings reconcile with the information reported to IBC and GAA. In order to achieve this, it is important that Coverholders only report London settled business where one of the risk codes* has been assigned to a Binding Authority section. "For applicable Binding Authority Risk Codes please refer to Lloyd's Canada website for relevant bulletin(s). Canadian Binding Authorities must include the relevant addenda to reflect the method of data capture and the method of settlement to be used, i.e. Scheme Canada or Non-Scheme. Please refer to Crystal <u>https://crystal.lloyds.com</u> for the list of addenda. In accordance with the reporting requirements set out in LMA5144A**: 1. All premium declaration details of insurances bound during each month, including Endorsements, until every insurance has expired or has otherwise been cancelled or terminated. The transaction should be reported in the month that it is to be settled with Lloyd's Underwriters; 2. All details of paid claims and associated expenses (whether indemnity or fee and allocated likewise) during each month until all such claims have been paid or otherwise resolved. The transaction should be reported in the month that it is to be settled with Lloyd's Underwriters; 3. All details of outstanding claims and reserve adjustments during each month until all such claims have been paid or otherwise resolved. The transaction Should be reported in the month that it is to be settled with Lloyd's Underwriters; 3. All details of outstanding claims and reserve adjustments during each month until all such claims have been paid or otherwise