# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD's

Syndicate Annual Accounts 31 December 2022

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD's

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# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD's

### **Directors and Administration**

### **Managing Agent**

Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited formally known as Navigators Underwriting Agency Limited

### **Directors**

C L Bach III

A A Darfoor\*

N J Farrer

M R Fisher\*

D Garland\*

D C Robinson\*

C D Sprott

M J Sullivan\*

### **Managing Agent's Registered Office**

7-8<sup>th</sup> Floor

6 Bevis Marks

London

EC3A 7BA

### **Managing Agent's Registered Number**

01380715

### **Active Underwriter**

Colin D Sprott

### **Bankers**

Citibank N.A.

Royal Bank of Canada

Societe Generale S A

### **Investment Managers**

New England Asset Management Limited

### **Statutory Auditor**

Deloitte LLP, London

### **Directors' Interests**

None of the Directors of the Managing Agent have any participation in the Syndicate's premium income capacity.

### **Solicitors**

Norton Rose Fulbright LLP, London

<sup>\*</sup> Non-executive

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent

The Directors of the Managing Agent ("the Directors" or "the Board") present their report for Syndicate 1221 ("Syndicate") for the year ended 31 December 2022. The Syndicate's Managing Agent ("the Company") is a company registered in England and Wales.

This Strategic Report provides an overview of the Syndicate's strategic management, business environment, performance and financial position and the s.172 statement that sets out the Managing Agent's management of specific matters as required under that section. In addition, whilst there is no specific requirement to report on the actions taken to respond to climate change, the Syndicate's actions are set out within the paragraphs that follow.

### Strategic management

In 2022, the Syndicate reported an overall loss and an underwriting combined ratio of 102.0% (2021: 95.5%). The underwriting result in 2022 was significantly impacted by loss reserves held in respect of the Russia/Ukraine war, which added approximately 9% to the combined ratio. A more detailed review by division is provided in the Market Review paragraphs. Market conditions continue to be favourable across the majority of our lines of business, the Syndicate recorded rate rises across most classes of business in 2022 with an overall rate rise of 4.2%, compounding the impact of the significant rate rises seen in 2021 and 2020.

We continued to take advantage of the favourable underwriting environment through 2022, reflected in a 16.4% increase in gross written premium in 2022. For 2023, we expect to see a tapering of premium rate increases, but expect the strong underwriting environment to persist. The 2023 Syndicate Business Forecast recorded a £40m increase in Syndicate capacity from £285m to £325m.

The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc., known as "The Hartford", a United States based company in Connecticut, continues to work closely with the Syndicate management. This enables the Syndicate to leverage the wider Hartford Group resources across a number of functions including Underwriting and Underwriting Operations, Actuarial, Finance, IT and Claims. As the Syndicate is The Hartford's main underwriting platform for international operations outside of the USA, the Syndicate is expected to be an instrumental vehicle for The Hartford's future international growth.

The Board is conscious that climate change is likely to significantly impact the global insurance and reinsurance market, risk assessment, selection and pricing in the future. The potential risk, frequency and severity of loss to insured parties is likely to increase. For an insurer, climate change presents a mix of opportunities and threats. As a result, the type and level of cover offered by the Syndicate in the future may vary to that offered at present. By its very nature, increasing global temperatures leading to rising sea levels from melting glaciers in the Antarctic and Greenland will result in an increase in variable and extreme wind related weather events, as well as flooding, drought, widespread fire damage and even pestilence and disease. The Board is aware that the consequential increase in loss of life, property, business interruption, increased political violence and litigation is likely to mean that pricing models will need to be adapted to take account of the resulting change in the natural as well as insurance and reinsurance environments. This is carefully considered within the Syndicate Business Forecast setting process.

In addition, investment losses have the potential to arise from exposure to industries perceived to be contributing to climate change. The Syndicate has a diversified investment portfolio, with limits on exposure to individual issuers. The Board's Investment Policy requires the Syndicate's investment managers to actively consider Environmental, Social and Governance issues ("ESG") as part of the ongoing assessment of the portfolio performance and risk. Additionally strict limits have been put in place relating to investments in those companies which generate revenues from coal and oil extracted from tar sands.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### **Business performance measures**

The Syndicate recorded a net loss for the year of £44.8m compared to a profit of £8.5m for the prior year. This loss comprised an underwriting loss of £5.8m (2021: underwriting profit of £11.5m), an overall investment loss of £27.3m (2021 loss: £2.5m) and foreign exchange loss of £11.7m (2021 loss: £0.5m). The Syndicate's combined ratio for 2022 was 102.0% (2021: 95.5%).

The Syndicate's key financial performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2022	2021	% Growth
	£000	£000	
Gross premiums written	373,510	320,921	16.4%
Net premiums written	309,651	278,571	11.2%
Net earned premiums	295,228	255,239	15.7%
Net operating expenses	98,597	83,138	18.6%
Investment income	11,867	9,352	26.9%
Combined Ratio	102.0%	95.5%	

Note: The combined ratio is the ratio of net claims incurred plus net operating expenses to net premiums earned and excludes foreign exchange gains and losses. A lower combined ratio represents better performance.

Gross written premiums for 2022 were £373.5m, representing an increase of 16.4% compared to 2021, and 5.2% in constant currency terms. This increase was primarily driven by favourable pricing and growth in Casualty and Political Risks classes through 2022.

Net written premiums increased by 11.2% and net earned premiums increased by 15.7%. The increase in net written premiums is driven by the increase in gross written premiums as above, offset by increases in ceded reinsurance expenditure in Political Risks relating to outwards reinstatement premiums.

Net operating expenses are 33.4% of the combined ratio (2021: 32.6%), excluding reinstatement premiums 32.5%.

Investment income, which excludes unrealised gains and losses, increased by 26.9% from the prior year due to more funds under investment and an increase in yields. The overall investment result, which is net of investment expenses, was a loss of £27.3m compared to a loss of £2.5m in the prior year, driven by increases in interest rates resulting in mark to market losses recognised in our bond portfolio during 2022.

The Syndicate's combined ratio has increased from 95.5% in 2021 to 102.0% in 2022. The increase is driven by:

- Loss reserves held in respect of the Russia/Ukraine war
- Marginal increase in commissions due to outwards reinstatement premium impact on net earned premiums.
- Increase in management expenses to support the growth in our top line.

### Member's Funds

The Member's Funds stood at £42.9m (2021: £93.8m) at year end, with the decrease due to the overall loss for the year as outlined above. During 2023, Syndicate 1221 will close the 2020 underwriting year with a loss of £(21.7)m, compared to a loss of £(2.3)m on the 2019 year of account, closed during 2022.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### **Market Review**

A review of our five divisions is provided below:

### Marine & Energy

During 2022, the Marine portfolio continued to write a broad section of the Marine market, concentrating on Cargo, Ports & Terminals, Marine & Energy Liability, Specie and Upstream Energy.

Market conditions within the chosen classes were favourable through 2022, despite not achieving the double digit rate rises recorded in 2021. The division made a small underwriting profit for the year.

### Financial Lines

Financial Lines covers the Professional class of business, incorporating Errors and Omissions ("E&O"), Directors and Officers ("D&O") and Financial Institutions ("FI").

D&O saw negative rate reduction of 12.7% and reserve releases on prior years, which led to an overall profit in this class.

E&O had reserve strengthening on prior years, leading to an overall loss in this class. The book saw positive rate change of 9.5% during 2022.

FI saw negative rate reduction of 1.8% and favourable reserve movement resulting in a underwriting profit during 2022.

### Casualty

Casualty comprises General Liability, Life Sciences and Environmental books of business. During 2022 all products experienced favourable rate change and significant growth over prior year. The Casualty division made an underwriting profit in 2022.

### Political Risks

Political Risks covers Political Violence and Terrorism ("PV&T") and Credit and Political Risk ("CPRI").

CPRI, a new class of business in 2020, continued to see large growth in gross written premiums during 2022 despite the ongoing global geopolitical uncertainty.

Both PV&T and CPRI were impacted by loss reserves booked in respect of the Russia/Ukraine war, resulting in an overall underwriting loss for 2022.

### Global Re

Our Global Re division forms part of the wider assumed reinsurance offering of The Hartford, with the Syndicate providing access to London Market business. The division writes a stable portfolio of business, concentrated on International Property Treaty. During 2022, the division recorded an underwriting loss, primarily due to prior year strengthening in respect of losses arising from Covid 19.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### Market Review (continued)

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Managing Agent has established a robust enterprise-wide Risk Management Framework to identify, assess and manage the risks it faces. The framework ensures that risks are proactively managed using a number of risk management techniques, which helps assess threats to objectives.

The Board reviews risk appetites annually as part of the Syndicate's business planning and capital setting processes and as an element of its risk management framework. The Board has identified the principal risks facing the Syndicate and has established documented strategies for their assessment, mitigation and monitoring. A Risk and Compliance Committee, which is a sub-committee of the Board, meets regularly to assess the effectiveness of the Risk Management Framework and level of risk against appetite.

The Managing Agent has a Chief Risk Officer, with responsibilities for owning, developing and managing the Risk Management Framework and its supporting methodologies and tools, ensuring they remain fit-for-purpose in response to changes within the Managing Agent, the Syndicate and the overall operating environment. Additionally, the Chief Risk Officer is tasked with overseeing the identification, assessment and management of new and existing risks through the use of the Risk Management Framework and ensuring the quality of the outcome of these activities. An overarching Risk Management Policy is in place, supported by a policy that covers the key categories if risk including the associated risk appetite, key controls and risk governance.

### **Underwriting Risk**

- The risk that a loss may arise from fluctuations in timing, frequency and severity of insured events relative to plan, and fluctuations in timing and amount of claims settlements.
- To manage this risk, detailed policies and procedures are in place, including underwriting authorities, limits and guidelines, along with exposure monitoring. Extensive reinsurance is purchased to mitigate underwriting risk and there is a robust control environment in place around the placement of reinsurance, including a framework and monitoring.

### Reserving Risk

- The risk of insufficient provision for losses that have already occurred.
- In order to manage this risk, regular claims and loss monitoring is performed, as well as regular reviews of the reserving process by a specialist third party. These results are reviewed, alongside the Actuarial function assessment, at the Reserve Committee.

### Credit Risk

- The risk of losses arising on outstanding contracts should a counterparty default on its obligations or find other reasons for non-payment.
- There is a framework in place to assess and approve all reinsurers and reinsurance purchases, including the detailed criteria for consideration. This states that a rating of a minimum of A- from AM Best, or equivalent, is required in respect of all reinsurance security at the time any such reinsurance is bound, unless a specific exception is granted. Credit control procedures are in place for all counterparties, with broker credit risk reported through to the Underwriting & Claims Committee. Provisions are made for any amounts considered uncollectible.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### Credit risk (continued)

• Investment credit risk is managed conservatively by defining portfolio limits for each investment grade rating band within the investment guidelines.

### Liquidity Risk

- The risk or inability to realise investments and other assets in order to settle its financial obligations when they fall due.
- In order to manage this risk, the Board has put in place detailed investment guidelines. The guidelines are used by the investment managers and oversight is maintained by the Board's Investment Committee.
- The Syndicate has also implemented a liquidity framework, on a quarterly basis a range of macro level liquidity ratios are calculated and reviewed against defined limits.

### **Operational Risk**

- The risk the Syndicate suffers a loss as a result of inadequate or failed internal process, as a result of people's actions, system processes or external events.
- In order to mitigate this risk, the Managing Agent ensures material operational risks are identified and controls adopted to mitigate these risks, with oversight and challenge from the Risk and Compliance and Audit Committees.
- The integration with The Hartford is subject to careful project planning and continuing reporting to and monitoring by the Board.

### **Market Risk**

- The risk of uncertainty of asset prices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates and other factors related to financial markets and investment asset management.
- In order to manage this risk, the Managing Agent imposes restrictions on the external investment manager's investment strategies. Strict limits, by trust fund, are set for types of assets held, concentration limits and average investment grade ratings. Investments are typically investment grade bonds and investment grade asset backed securities. Guidelines and benchmarks are set annually and approved by the Board. Regular reporting is reviewed and monitoring undertaken by the Investment Committee.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### **Concentration Risk**

- The risk of losses arising from the correlation and concentration of business written within geographical area, of a policy type or of underlying risks covered, or that may arise with respect to investments in a geographical area, economic sector or individual investments. Concentration risk refers to an exposure with the potential to produce losses large enough to jeopardise the Syndicate's solvency or ability to maintain its core operations.
- The management of this risk is addressed within each risk class, between risk classes and through robust stress and scenario testing, including the use of specialist catastrophe models.

### Strategic Risk

• The risk of incurring losses resulting from an inappropriate strategy being set or the inadequate implementation of strategy. Strategy is a matter reserved for the Board and monitored on an ongoing basis by both the Board and the Managing Agent's Executive Leadership Team. Risk management is a fundamental aspect of formulating strategy.

### Reputational Risk

- The risk of losses through deterioration of the Syndicate or Managing Agent's reputation (or the Lloyd's brand) due to a negative perception of any aspect of the business or business practices, whether true or not, which could result in a decline of its customer base or costly litigation, or a negative impact on its revenue.
- In order to manage this risk, the Managing Agent has put in place detailed policies and procedures for the effective and efficient management of claims and complaints, and for ensuring that customers are treated fairly and Conduct Risk requirements are followed at all times. The Hartford's Code of Ethics is reviewed and acknowledged annually by all employees and training is also mandated periodically on material laws and policies related to ethical behaviour. Regular dialogue is maintained with regulatory bodies such as Lloyd's, the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority.

### Regulatory Risk (which is assessed for capital purposes within the Operational Risk category)

- The Managing Agent is required to comply with the requirements of the Prudential Regulation Authority, Financial Conduct Authority, Lloyd's and those imposed upon the Lloyd's market by overseas regulators where the Syndicate conducts business. Regulatory risk is the risk of loss owing to changes in current regulatory requirements or the imposition of new requirements. Such changes could increase capital requirements, increase operational costs, reduce the profitability of business or change the competitive landscape.
- The Managing Agent employs a Compliance Officer, who monitors regulatory developments and assesses the impact on the Managing Agent and Syndicate. These activities form part of an annual plan which includes compliance reviews against established policies, processes and procedures.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### **Third Party Risk**

- Globalisation has resulted in the third party risk landscape continuing to evolve and become complex, with vendors being located in different jurisdiction and increased data sharing with third parties partners.
- The Managing Agent has implemented or is committed to implement policies and procedures to allow us to manage the following risks:
  - Cyber security: security risk and threats across our cyber landscape
  - Financial stability: how financial viable are critical suppliers
  - Operation resilience: third parties ability to change or adapt during times of stress, disruption, or uncertainty
  - Technology risk: management of the oversight, integration and reliance upon new and existing solutions and vendors
  - Data protection/privacy: how and where sensitive information is stored and processed with third parties and how this is protected.

### **Climate Change**

- The risk that significant changes in the climate have an adverse impact on the Syndicate and Company's results and ability to carry on their business activity.
- Lloyd's issued an updated ESG report in May 2022. As part of this guidance they continued to commit the market to contribute to wider societal efforts to transition to a sustainable and low carbon future.
- The Board is committed to managing and reducing the environmental impact of the Company and Syndicate in a cost effective and responsible way. During 2022, management formed a new ESG Committee to better lead our response in this area.
- The Board has approved investment guidelines with the following criteria relevant to climate change and the Lloyd's ESG report:
  - No new investments in the construction and operation of new coal-fired plants,
  - No new investments in companies that generate more than 25 percent of their revenues from thermal coal mining or more than 25 percent of their energy production from coal,
  - No new investments in companies that generate more than 25 percent of their revenues directly from the extraction of oil from tar sands,
  - Divest publicly traded investments which exceed the thresholds by 2023.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### **Social Change**

- The risk that we do not attract the best talent which would have an adverse impact on the Syndicate results.
- This risk is mitigated by a combination of responses, including strategies that are aimed increasing our gender and demographic diversity within the organisation.
  - The Board has set a goal of 35% of women in the leadership position, currently 27%
  - The Board has set a goal of 20% of women in a Board position, currently 23%
  - The Board has been measuring and tracking our employee demographic and new hires for since the 4th quarter of 2020.

### Geo-political risk

- The Board continues to monitor the potential impact of rising global geopolitical tensions, with respect to the underwriting portfolio, investment portfolio and operational impacts. Management works closely with the Group's Global Specialty Insight Center to continually update our view on geopolitical risk and to inform our responses to events as they unfold and potential scenarios which may or may not be realised.
- Management is also closely monitoring the risk of cyber-attack and has appropriately increased its level of preparedness in concert with The Hartford Group. To date, we have not seen any increased threat activity directed at the Company.

### **Inflation Risk**

- Risk of increases in the cost of goods, services and settlement of claims driven by economic, excess and social factors.
- The Managing Agent has assessed the types of inflation and the drivers of inflation to our business. This has been achieved by modelling claims inflation scenarios and considering the potential impact across a number of different functions and business lines, evaluated by the capital modelling team.
- Managing agents have ensured that there is cross function communication between claims, reserving, capital and pricing function. This validates the business appropriateness of our assumptions in reserving and pricing.
- The Risk Management Framework is reviewed and amended on a regular basis to ensure it remains appropriate for the company's business and risk strategies.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### **Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)**

### s.172 Statement by the Directors in performance of their statutory duties

The Managing Agent's Board of Directors is conscious that in order to fulfil their ongoing responsibilities, due attention must be given to a wide range of key stakeholders, including The Hartford as ultimate parent, staff employed by the group, regulators, clients, third party suppliers, local communities and the environment. The Board is intuitively and continuously aware that virtually every decision made by them will impact one or more of these key stakeholders in varying degrees. In arriving at a decision, the potential impact of the most affected stakeholders is considered either in the submitted paper for discussion and approval, or as part of the general discussion leading to the approval.

The Board, both corporately and individually, consider that they have acted in good faith to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of the members as a whole. The Board is kept abreast of feedback from the various stakeholders via management and use this feedback to ensure that decision making is made in an informed manner, having regard to the impact on stakeholders and matters set out in s.172(1)(a-f) of the CA 2006. In particular:

- (a) The Directors, in making decisions have considered the long-term prospects of the Company and the Syndicate, which it manages. The 2023 plan for the Syndicate has been agreed with Lloyd's and work is taking place on an on-going basis to increase the quality of the business being underwritten. This includes the withdrawal from loss making classes of business and focus on the areas where the Syndicate has strength and expertise.
- (b) Employees are fundamental to the success of the plan. Whilst the Company does not directly employ any staff, it manages group staff who work on Syndicate and Company business. Group wide and local "town hall" meetings are held on a regular basis where business updates are provided to staff and questions invited in an informal setting.

In addition, all staff have access to the senior management of the Company, who pride themselves on their collaborative, open-door approachable style. The Directors regard this style as one of their core strengths and assists in staff retention. This is validated through the annual employee engagement survey.

Staff development is encouraged by the provision of leadership programmes; annual objective setting that includes a review of training and development, and regular reviews between teams and line managers. The Company also regularly reviews salaries and benefits to ensure they are not out of alignment with the market.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion ("DEI") is an area of increasing focus both within the broader Hartford organisation and for the Board. A DEI Council has been in position for UK staff since 2021, focusing on supporting our staff locally whilst also communicating the ongoing work in this area at The Hartford Group level.

(c) In order for the Company as Managing Agent, and Syndicate as underwriter, to be successful in the Lloyd's market, the maintaining of business and customer relationships is vital. Senior management and all levels of staff interact on a daily basis in a professional manner with Lloyd's, brokers, other insurers and reinsurers, service providers (such as data processing, claims management, IT infrastructure management) and insured parties. Interaction occurs as part of our day to day business, through face to face meetings, presentations, or other communications. We also listen to our clients and try to assess their requirements to create innovative products to meet their ever-changing needs.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Strategic Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### s.172 Statement by the Directors in performance of their statutory duties (continued)

The Board pays due regard to the ever-changing technology environment. The Company is actively engaged in the various Future At Lloyd's work streams and is seeking to apply these to its own business model as relevant.

- (d) The Directors consider that the Syndicate can have a positive impact on the environment and society at large. The process of underwriting encourages insured parties to consider and take steps to minimise their corporate and personal risks as well as provide financial compensation for catastrophic and other losses. The Directors are conscious that business activity may add to the increase in carbon emissions so staff are encouraged to consider their own footprint. This includes the use of videoconferencing that reduces the need to travel, home working where appropriate, the provision of recycling bins and the switching off of electrical equipment when leaving the office. Staff are also encouraged to take part in charitable activities, with the newly created Charity & Wellbeing Committee actively promoting events throughout the year.
- (e) The Board and senior management team lead by example to set the level of professionalism expected from employees. High business standards are promoted by the Compliance department. Staff are regularly required to carry out online training covering topics such as GDPR, conflicts of interest and financial crime to ensure they are up to date with legislation. Many of these business conduct standards are set out in the Lloyd's Minimum Standards.
- (f) Having regard to all the above, the Directors are also aware that all members of the Company and Syndicate, whether group employees engaged on Syndicate business or participating member, need to be treated fairly in order to best facilitate the desired outcome of the chosen strategy. The open style of management adopted by the Directors facilitates employees to raise issues with managers so that appropriate steps can be taken to resolve issues as they rise.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors

N J Farrer Director

27 February 2023

Neil Farrer

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent

The Directors of the Managing Agent present their report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

This annual report is prepared using the annual basis of accounting as required by Statutory Instrument No 1950 of 2008, the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 ("the 2008 Regulations"), and applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) and Financial Reporting Standard 103: Insurance Contracts (FRS103).

### **Directors**

The Directors of the Managing Agent who served during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

C L Bach III

A A Darfoor\*

N J Farrer

M R Fisher\*

D Garland\*

G E Johnson\* (resigned 30 June 2022)

D C Robinson\*

C D Sprott

M J Sullivan\*

### **Going Concern**

As explained in the Strategic Report, The Syndicate is The Hartford's main underwriting platform for international operations outside of the USA and is expected to be an instrumental vehicle for The Hartford's future international growth. The Company has spent the last few years remediating its portfolio and is now concentrating strategy on growing its core lines of business. Despite the underwriting loss in 2022 – driven by loss reserves held in relation to thee Russia-Ukraine war, the underlying performance of the business is increasingly positive.

During the year, the Board worked with senior management of The Hartford and Lloyd's to agree the 2023 Syndicate Business Forecast and The Hartford continues to provide capital to support the business plan. The 2023 Syndicate Business Forecast also indicates an expansion of underwriting activities as the Syndicate underwriting capacity has been increased by £40m to £325m from £285m in 2022.

The Board has considered the Russia/Ukraine conflict that is currently having a global impact. The Syndicate has adequate financial resources and a robust business continuity plan in place that is functioning well. Currently we believe our total net exposure to this event to be \$35.7m, which is fully reflected in our closing balance sheet position. Management continues to monitor developments from both a loss activity and economic sanctions perspective.

Having considered the above, the principal risks set out in the Strategic Report and having made other enquiries as necessary, the Directors have a sound expectation that the Syndicate has adequate resources and support of its member to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, the Directors consider it appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Non-executive

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Report of the Directors of the Managing Agent (continued)

### Post Balance Sheet events

There are no subsequent events to note at the date of the approval of the accounts.

### Strategic management

The principal activity is the transaction of general insurance and reinsurance business in the United Kingdom. The capacity for Syndicate 1221 ("the Syndicate") in 2023, 2022, and 2021 was £325m, £285m and £275m respectively. The Syndicate capacity is gross premium net of commissions and is calculated using Lloyd's Syndicate business forecast rates of exchange. Gross written premium in the technical account is calculated at average rates of exchange.

The Syndicate now manages its business through five divisions comprising Marine & Energy, Casualty, Financial Lines, Political Risks and Global Re.

### Disclosure of information to the auditor

So far as each person who is a Director of the Managing Agent at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow Directors of the agency and the Syndicate's auditor, each Director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

### Re-appointment of Auditor

Pursuant to Section 14(2) of Schedule 1 of the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Deloitte LLP will therefore continue in office. The Managing Agent proposes the re-appointment of Deloitte LLP as the Syndicate auditor.

### **Directors and Officers Protection**

The Hartford maintains a group wide Directors and Officers liability insurance policy that indemnifies the Directors of the Company if a claim is made against them in their capacity as a Director of the Company.

### Managing Agent's registered office

7-8<sup>th</sup> Floor, 6 Bevis Marks, London, EC3A 7BA

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors

N J Farrer Director

27 February 2023

Noil Farrer

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Statement of Managing Agent's responsibilities in respect of the Syndicate Financial Statements

The Directors of the Managing agent are responsible for preparing the syndicate financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyds's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 requires the directors of the managing agent to prepare their syndicates' financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyds's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 the directors of the managing agent must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the syndicate and of the profit or loss of the syndicate for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors of the managing agent are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- Use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operation, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the managing agent are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the syndicate's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the syndicate and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyds's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors of the managing agent are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the syndicate and financial information included on the syndicate's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors

N J Farrer Director

27 February 2023

Noil Farrer

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Independent auditor's report to the member's of Syndicate 1221

Report on the audit of the syndicate annual financial statements

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the syndicate annual financial statements of Syndicate 1221 (the 'syndicate'):

- a. give a true and fair view of the state of the syndicate's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- b. have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008.

We have audited the syndicate annual financial statements which comprise:

- a. the income statement: technical account;
- b. the income statement: non-technical account;
- c. the statement of other comprehensive income;
- d. the statement of financial position;
- e. the statement of changes in members' balances;
- f. the statement of cash flows; and
- g. the related notes 1 to 17.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the syndicate annual financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the syndicate in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the syndicate annual financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the managing agent's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the syndicate's ability to continue in operations for a period of at least twelve months from when the syndicate financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the managing agent with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the syndicate annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The managing agent is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the syndicate annual financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Independent auditor's report to the member's of Syndicate 1221 (continued)

### Other Information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the syndicate annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of managing agent

As explained more fully in the managing agent's responsibilities statement, the managing agent is responsible for the preparation of the syndicate annual financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the managing agent determines is necessary to enable the preparation of syndicate annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the syndicate annual financial statements, the managing agent is responsible for assessing the syndicate's ability to continue in operation, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the syndicate's ability to continue in operation and to use the going concern basis of accounting unless the managing agent intends to cease the syndicate's operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the syndicate annual financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the syndicate annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these syndicate annual financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the syndicate annual financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilitie">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilitie</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the syndicate and its control environment, and reviewed the syndicate's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management, internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the syndicate operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- a. had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 and the Lloyd's Syndicate Accounting Byelaw (no. 8 of 2005); and
- b. do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the syndicate's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included the requirements of Solvency II.

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Independent auditor's report to the member's of Syndicate 1221 (continued)

### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as actuarial specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

As a result of performing the above, we identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following areas, and our specific procedures performed to address them are described below:

- a. Estimation of pipeline premiums requires significant management judgement and therefore there is potential for management bias through manipulation of core assumptions. In response our testing included, on a sample basis, performing retrospective review over the historical accuracy of management's estimates, comparing the percentage of signed premium against the percentage of signed premium for prior year policies at the same stage of development, and comparing the estimate against written bordereaux or declarations.
- b. Valuation of technical provisions includes assumptions and methodology requiring significant management judgement and involves complex calculations, and therefore there is potential for management bias. In response to these risks we engaged actuarial specialists to develop independent estimates of the highest risk classes and a review of the methodology and assumptions for the rest of the classes of business. In addition, in response to Russia Ukraine War reserves: we tested the completeness and accuracy of the exposure analysis performed by the company; we challenged the reasonableness of the claims reserves recognised for the three classes of business that are impacted; and we tested the assumptions underpinning the aggregation of the losses for the purposes of reinsurance recoveries.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- a. reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements:
- b. performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- c. enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- d. reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with Lloyd's and the PRA.

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- a. the information given in the strategic report and the managing agent's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- b. the strategic report and the managing agent's report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the syndicate and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the managing agent's report.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Independent auditor's report to the member's of Syndicate 1221 (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- a. the managing agent in respect of the syndicate has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- b. the syndicate annual financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- c. we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the syndicate's members, as a body, in accordance with regulation 10 of The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the syndicate's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the syndicate's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Colin Rawlings FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Colibaty

London, United Kingdom

27 February 2023

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

# Income Statement: Technical account – General business for the year ended 31 December 2022

		202	22	2021		
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance						
Gross premiums written	3,4	373,510		320,921		
Outward reinsurance premiums	3	(63,859)		(42,350)		
Net premiums written			309,651		278,571	
Change in the provision for unearned premiums						
Gross amount		(15,533)		(24,594)		
Reinsurers' share		1,110		1,262		
Change in the net provision for unearned premiums		_	(14,423)	_	(23,332)	
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance			295,228		255,239	
Other technical income, net of reinsurance			_		16	
Allocated investment return transferred from the non-technical account			(22,283)		(453)	
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance						
Claims paid						
Gross amount	6	(180,004)		(145,414)		
Reinsurers' share	6	40,987		40,320		
Net claims paid			(139,017)		(105,094)	
Change in the provision for claims						
Gross amount		(105,653)		(36,878)		
Reinsurers' share		42,266		(18,620)		
				(10,020)		
Change in the net provision for claims			(63,387)		(55,498)	
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance		_	(202,404)	_	(160,592)	
Net operating expenses	7		(98,597)		(83,138)	
Balance on the technical account for general			(20.050		11.050	
business			(28,056)		11,072	

All operations are continuing.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

**Income Statement: Non-technical account** *for the year ended 31 December 2022* 

Balance on the technical account for general business	Notes	2022 £'000 (28,056)	2021 £'000 11,072
Investment income	10	11,867	9,352
Unrealised (losses) on investments		(33,853)	(9,754)
Investment expenses and charges		(297)	(51)
Allocated investment return transferred to general business technical account		22,283	453
Investment return on capital provided by members		(5,006)	(2,094)
Loss on foreign exchange		(11,717)	(516)
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	_	(44,779)	8,462

Statement of Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(44,779)	8,462
Foreign exchange on translation	3,820	(5,479)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	(40,959)	2,983

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

# Statement of Financial Position – Assets at 31 December 2022

Notes			2022		20	21
Financial investments         11         606,923         532,084           Deposits with ceding undertakings         1,581         2,686           Reinsurers' share of technical provisions		Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial investments         11         606,923         532,084           Deposits with ceding undertakings         1,581         2,686           Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	Investments					
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions         Provision for unearned premiums       6       28,617       24,736         Claims outstanding       6       265,863       201,101         294,480       225,837         Debtors:         Amounts due within one year       12       111,145       89,090         Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations       12       39,144       45,507         Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         Amounts due after one year       155,201       136,540         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         Other assets       18       —         Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618		11		606,923		532,084
Provision for unearned premiums         6         28,617         24,736           Claims outstanding         6         265,863         201,101           294,480         225,837           Debtors:           Amounts due within one year         12         111,145         89,090           Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations         12         39,144         45,507           Other debtors         13         4,912         1,943           Amounts due after one year         155,201         136,540           Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations         12         18         —           Other assets         18         —           Cash at bank and in hand         15         67,873         71,892           Overseas deposits         15         52,399         52,618	Deposits with ceding undertakings			1,581		2,686
Claims outstanding       6       265,863       201,101       225,837         Debtors:         Amounts due within one year         Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations       12       111,145       89,090         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       39,144       45,507         Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         Amounts due after one year       155,201       136,540         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         Other assets         Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Reinsurers' share of technical provisions					
Debtors:  Amounts due within one year  Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations Debtors arising out of r	Provision for unearned premiums	6	28,617		24,736	
Debtors:         Amounts due within one year         Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations       12       111,145       89,090         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       39,144       45,507         Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         155,201       136,540         Amounts due after one year       12       18       —         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         Other assets       Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Claims outstanding	6	265,863		201,101	
Amounts due within one year  Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations Debtors arising out of reinsurance				294,480		225,837
Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations       12       111,145       89,090         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       39,144       45,507         Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         Amounts due after one year       12       18       —         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         Other assets       Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Debtors:					
Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       39,144       45,507         Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         155,201       136,540         Amounts due after one year         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         18       —         Other assets       Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Amounts due within one year					
Other debtors       13       4,912       1,943         Amounts due after one year       155,201       136,540         Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         18       —         Other assets       Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations	12	111,145		89,090	
Amounts due after one year  Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations  12  18  -  Other assets  Cash at bank and in hand  Overseas deposits  15  155,201  136,540  18  -  18  -  18  71,892  52,618	Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations	12	39,144		45,507	
Amounts due after one year  Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations  12  18  —  Other assets  Cash at bank and in hand  Overseas deposits  15  52,399  52,618	Other debtors	13	4,912		1,943	
Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations       12       18       —         18       —         Other assets         Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618				155,201		136,540
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand 15 67,873 71,892 Overseas deposits 15 52,399 52,618	Amounts due after one year					
Other assets         Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618	Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations	12	18			
Cash at bank and in hand       15       67,873       71,892         Overseas deposits       15       52,399       52,618				18		_
Overseas deposits 15 <b>52,399</b> 52,618	Other assets					
	Cash at bank and in hand	15	67,873		71,892	
<b>120,272</b> 124,510	Overseas deposits	15	52,399		52,618	
	•			120,272		124,510
Prepayments and accrued income	Prepayments and accrued income					
Accrued interest and rent <b>4,820</b> 3,459	1 2		4,820		3,459	
Deferred acquisition costs 7 <b>35,842</b> 29,797		7	· ·		· ·	
Other prepayments and accrued income 1,675 1,192						
42,337 34,448	1 1 7			42,337		34,448
Total assets 1,220,812 1,056,105	Total assets			1,220,812		1.056.105

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

# **Statement of Financial Position – Liabilities** *at 31 December 2022*

		2022		2022		20	)21
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
Member's balance			42,850		93,765		
Technical provisions			12,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Provision for unearned premiums	6	211,827		175,643			
Claims outstanding	6	910,762		740,162			
			1,122,589		915,805		
Creditors			, ,		,		
Amounts due within one year							
Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations	3d	3,089		8,543			
Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations	3d	39,308		24,081			
Other creditors	3d,14	7,043		8,953			
			49,440		41,577		
Amounts due after one year							
Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations	3d						
Accruals and deferred income	3d		5,933		4,958		
Total liabilities			1,220,812		1,056,105		

The financial statements on pages 21 to 48 were approved by the Board of Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited on 23 February 2023 and were signed on its behalf by

N J Farrer

Director 27 February 2023

Neil Farrer

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

# Statement of Changes in Member's Balances for the year ended 31 December 2022

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Member's balance brought forward at 1 January	93,765	110,901
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(44,779)	8,462
Foreign exchange on translation	3,820	(5,479)
Transfer from Member	2,339	76,823
Releases to funds in syndicate	(12,295)	(96,942)
Member's balance carried forward at 31 December	42,850	93,765

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

# Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Operating result		(44,779)	8,462
Increase in gross technical provisions		128,455	57,704
(Increase)/decrease in reinsurers' share of gross technical provisions		(47,871)	18,053
(Increase) in debtors		(8,472)	(11,670)
Increase in creditors		2,540	14,948
Movement in other assets/liabilities		2,142	(11,913)
Investment return		27,289	2,547
Other		12,588	(5,087)
Net cash flows from operating activities		71,892	73,044
Cash flows from investing activities		(155.225)	(170.010)
Purchase of equity and debt instruments		(177,235)	(170,910)
Sale of equity and debt instruments		95,745	134,183
Investment income received		13,600	12,491
Other		1,127	(2,390)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	_	(66,763)	(26,626)
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Transfer from Member		2,339	76,823
Releases to funds in syndicate		(12,295)	(96,942)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities		(9,956)	(20,119)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,827)	26,299
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		71,892	45,215
Foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents		808	378
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		67,873	71,892

There are no restricted funds within cash and cash equivalents.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022

### 1. Basis of preparation

Syndicate 1221 ('the Syndicate') comprises one member of the Society of Lloyd's that underwrites insurance business in the London Market. The address of the Syndicate's Managing Agent is 7-8<sup>th</sup> Floor, 6 Bevis Marks, London, EC3A 7BA.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102). FRS 102 requires the application of Financial Reporting Standard 103 (FRS 103) in relation to insurance contracts.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. as at 31 December 2022, and these financial statements may be obtained from the Syndicate's Managing Agent at the address listed above.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling ("GBP") which is the Syndicate's presentational currency. The Syndicate's functional currency is United States Dollars ("USD"). All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise indicated.

### 2. Accounting policies

### Use of judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors of the Managing Agent have made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Syndicate's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised in the period in which the revision has occurred. The most critical accounting estimates are as follows:

### Claims provisions and related recoveries

The Syndicate's estimates for reported and unreported losses and the resulting provisions and related insurance recoveries are continually monitored and updated based on the latest available information. Adjustments resulting from updated reviews are reflected in the Income Statement. The process relies on the past being a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used for current business are fair reflections of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred. The estimation of gross outstanding claims is a judgemental and complex area due to the subjectivity inherent in estimating the impact of claims events that have occurred but for which the eventual settlement of liability remains uncertain.

The most critical gross estimate included within the Statement of Financial Position is the estimate for losses incurred but not yet reported ("IBNR"); both gross and reinsurer's share. This estimate is critical as it outlines the current liability for future expenses in relation to claims incurred and related recoveries.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### Use of judgements and estimates (continued)

### Claims provisions and related recoveries (continued)

The estimate for gross IBNR as at 31 December 2022 is £597.1m (2021: £401.1m) and is included within technical provisions in the balance sheet. In our IBNR we are currently holding £15.4m relating to excess inflation, in response to current market conditions. The estimate for the reinsurers' share of IBNR is £184.6m (2021: £99.8m).

Our estimate for net losses arising from the Russia/Ukraine war is currently held at £18.7m of IBNR, covering losses arising from War on Land, Aviation War and Credit and Political Risk losses. There continues to be considerable uncertainty around the ultimate outcome in respect of these losses, with potential loss development and the responsiveness of our reinsurance programme continually monitored by management.

The estimate for unallocated loss adjusted expenses is based on an actuarial study as at 31 December 2022 and is £17.0m (2021: £11.2m).

### Gross written premiums

Gross written premiums are a key estimate for the Syndicate as a proportion of the premium income relates to pipeline premiums, which represents future premium receivable on in force insurance contracts.

Pipeline premium estimates are based on underwriters' views of the expected premiums to be generated under the relevant contracts, taking into account the historical performance and prevailing market conditions. Premium of £85.6m was written on this basis in 2022 (2021: £76.4m).

### **Premiums written**

Gross written premiums comprise premiums on contracts incepted during the financial year as well as adjustments made in the year to premiums written in prior accounting periods. Premiums are shown gross of brokerage payable and exclude taxes and duties levied on them. Estimates are made for pipeline premiums, representing amounts due to the Syndicate not yet notified. Premiums are earned on a straight line basis over the life of the contract with the exception of after the event ("ATE") contracts. ATE contracts are earned in full once the outcome of the event is known.

### **Unearned premiums**

Written premiums are recognised as earned according to the earnings profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on the basis of established earnings patterns or time apportionment.

### Reinsurance premium ceded

Outwards reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same accounting period as the premiums for the related direct or inwards business being reinsured.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### Claims provisions and related recoveries

Gross claims incurred comprise the estimated cost of all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, including related direct and indirect claims handling costs and adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years. The provision for claims outstanding is assessed on an individual case basis and is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims notified but not settled by the balance sheet date, together with the provision for related claims handling costs. The provision also includes the estimated cost of claims that have been incurred at the reporting date but have not yet been reported ("IBNR") to the Syndicate at the balance sheet date.

The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by the Managing Agent's in-house actuaries and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve standard actuarial methods (paid and incurred, chain ladder, Bornhuetter Ferguson and initial expected loss ratios). These project from past experience the development of claims over time in view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced and for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on the amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to the reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. A number of statistical methods are used to assist in making these estimates.

### **Unexpired risks provision**

A provision for unexpired risks is made where claims and related expenses arising after the end of the financial period in respect of contracts concluded before that date, are expected to exceed the unearned premiums and premiums receivable under these contracts, after the deduction of any acquisition costs deferred.

The provision for unexpired risks is calculated by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return.

### **Acquisition costs**

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the balance sheet date.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### Foreign currencies

Income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated at the average rates of exchange for the period.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date or if appropriate at the forward contract rate.

All differences arising on revaluation of foreign currency amounts into the functional currency (USD) are included in the profit and loss account and all differences relating to the translation from functional currency to the presentational currency (GBP) are included in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income.

### **Investments**

Investments are stated at current value at the balance sheet date. For this purpose, listed investments and overseas deposits are stated at market value and deposits with credit institutions are stated at cost. Unlisted investments for which a market exists are stated at the average price at which they are traded on the balance sheet date or the last trading day before that date.

### **Investment return**

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses, and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses, charges and interest.

For investments at fair value through profit or loss, realised gains and losses represent the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the purchase price. For investments measured at amortised cost, realised gains and losses represent the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the latest carrying value (or if acquired after the last reporting date, the purchase price).

Unrealised gains and losses on investments represent the difference between the fair value at the balance sheet date and their purchase price. Movements in unrealised investment gains and losses comprise the increase/ decrease in the reporting period in the value of the investments held at the reporting date and the reversal of unrealised investment gains and losses recognised in earlier reporting periods in respect of investment disposals of the current period, or the valuation at the beginning of the year; as well as the reversal of previously recognised unrealised gains and losses in respect of investments disposed of in the current period. Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. The return is transferred in full to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting underwriting business.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in fair value, and are used by the Syndicate in the management of its short-term commitments.

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortised cost in the statement of financial position. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

### Deposits with ceding undertakings

Deposits with ceding undertakings are measured at cost less allowance for impairment.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### Identification and measurement of impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. Financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of an asset, and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows on the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Company about any significant financial difficulty of the issuer, or significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

An impairment loss recognised reduces directly the carrying amount of the impaired asset. All impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial assets measured at amortised cost the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Taxation**

Under Schedule 19 of the Finance Act 1993, Managing Agents are not required to deduct basic rate income tax from trading income. In addition, all UK basic rate income tax deducted from Syndicate investment income is recoverable by Managing Agents and consequently the distribution made to the member or the member's agent is gross of tax. Capital appreciation falls within trading income and is also distributed gross of tax.

No provision has been made for any United States Federal Income Tax payable on underwriting results or investment earnings. Any payments on account made by the Syndicate during the year have been included in the balance sheet under the heading "Other debtors". No provision has been made for any other overseas tax payable by the member on underwriting results.

### **Pension costs**

The Company does not operate any pension schemes. Hartford Management (UK) Limited ("HMUK") operates a defined contribution scheme. Pension contributions relating to working on Company business are charged to the Company as incurred and are included within net operating expenses.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management

The Board of Directors of the Managing Agent has the responsibility to identify, assess and manage the risks faced by the Syndicate. The Board carries this out through documented strategies and the establishment and maintenance of the Syndicate's Risk Management Framework. The Risk and Compliance Committee, a subcommittee of the Board, meets regularly to assess the effectiveness of this framework, and the Chief Risk Officer is tasked with its daily oversight. Within the framework is a number of committees that are responsible for managing risk. These comprise the Reserve Committee, the Underwriting and Claims Committee, and the Risk Monitoring Committee, as well as the in-house Actuarial function.

### a) Insurance risk

The Insurance Risk faced by the Syndicate is by its very nature unpredictable. The principal causes of insurance risk to the Company are the under-pricing of premiums, under-reserving and the exposure to catastrophe claims.

The table below details the Syndicate's risk exposures by geographical region.

### 2022

2022	-		
	Gross	Reinsurance	Net
	Written	Written	Written
	Premium	Premium	Premium
	£'000	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom	91,622	(15,665)	75,957
EU Countries	50,648	(8,659)	41,989
USA	75,038	(12,829)	62,209
Other including Worldwide	156,202	(26,706)	129,496
Total	373,510	(63,859)	309,651
2021			
	Gross	Reinsurance	Net
	Written	Written	Written
	Premium	Premium	Premium
	£'000	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom	74,124	(9,782)	64,342
EU Countries	45,755	(6,038)	39,717
USA	61,661	(8,137)	53,524
Other including Worldwide	139,381	(18,393)	120,988
Total	320,921	(42,350)	278,571

The premiums by class are shown in note 4 analysis of underwriting results.

Earned premium is calculated based on the inception and expiry dates, and the profile of exposure of policies written.

Net incurred claims are calculated based on reported claims in the period and the movement in earned IBNR, based on the actuarially calculated ultimate claims reserve.

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### a) Insurance risk (continued)

The following table shows the effect of a five percent increase or decrease in total claims liabilities on profit or loss and equity.

	202	2	2021	21	
	5 percent increase	5 percent decrease	5 percent increase	5 percent decrease	
Direct insurance:					
Marine	(2,413)	2,413	(3,296)	3,296	
Aviation	(357)	357	_	_	
Transport	(1,745)	1,745	(1,265)	1,265	
Energy - Marine	(2,336)	2,336	(803)	803	
Energy - Non marine	(77)	77	(1,068)	1,068	
Fire and other damage to property	(2,157)	2,157	(5,085)	5,085	
Third party liability	(15,141)	15,141	(9,925)	9,925	
Pecuniary Loss	(412)	412	<u> </u>		
	(24,638)	24,638	(21,442)	21,442	
Reinsurance	(7,606)	7,606	(5,511)	5,511	
Total	(32,244)	32,244	(26,953)	26,953	

### b) Financial risk

The Syndicate is exposed to a range of financial risks through its financial assets and financial liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets will not be sufficient to fund the obligations arising from insurance policies as they fall due.

The main components of financial risk are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (as detailed in the Principal risks and uncertainties section). These risks arise from the Syndicate's investment and reinsurance assets and its insurance liabilities.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### c) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed and monitored by the Company's Risk Committee. The table below details the Syndicate's exposure to credit risk by asset type, with reference to the credit rating of the counterparties.

2022	AAA £'000	AA £'000	A £'000	BBB £'000	BB or less £'000	Not rated £'000	Total £'000
Financial Investments  Debt securities and other fixed income	97,493	192,448	243,246	68,116	97	924	602,324
Shares and other variable yield securities and unit trusts Deposits with credit	_	_	_	_	_	4,554	4,554
institutions						45	45
	97,493	192,448	243,246	68,116	97	5,523	606,923
Reinsurers' share of outstanding claims including IBNR	16,229	151	241,180	_	_	8,303	265,863
Reinsurance debtors Deposits with ceding	2,134	_	28,789	_	_	292	31,215
undertakings		_	_	_	_	1,581	1,581
Overseas deposits	9,857	2,473	2,124	1,571	6,444	29,930	52,399
Cash at bank and in hand			67,873				67,873
Total credit risk exposure	125,713	<u>195,072</u>	583,212	69,687	6,541	<u>45,629</u>	1,025,854
2021	AAA £'000	AA £'000	A £'000	BBB £'000	BB or less £'000	Not rated £'000	Total £'000
Financial Investments  Debt securities and other fixed Income Shares and other variable	92,506	146,305	220,937	66,954	220	513	527,435
yield securities and unit trusts Deposits with credit	_	_	_	_	_	4,590	4,590
institutions						59	59
	92,506	146,305	220,937	66,954	220	5,162	532,084
Reinsurers' share of outstanding claims including IBNR	58,620	_	140,254	_	_	2,227	201,101
Reinsurance debtors Deposits with ceding undertakings	6,450	_	29,662	_	_	720 2,686	36,832 2,686
Overseas deposits	10,671	2,742	2,161	1,962	8,260	26,822	52,618
Cash at bank and in hand			71,892				71,892
Total credit risk exposure	168,247	149,047	464,906	68,916	8,480	37,617	897,213

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### c) Credit risk (continued)

The table below details the Syndicate's assets which are past due but not impaired.

2022	Neither past due nor impaired £'000	Up to three months £'000	Three to six months	Six months to one year £'000	Greater than one year £'000	Total £'000
Debtors arising out of direct						
insurance operations	78,671	19,716	4,787	4,273	3,698	111,145
Other debtors	4,912	_	_	_	_	4,912
T	02.502	10.516	4.505	4.052	2 (00	116.055
Total	83,583	19,716	4,787	4,273	3,698	116,057
2021	Neither past due nor impaired £'000	Financial ass  Up to three months £'000	ets that are p  Three to six months £'000	Six months to one year £'000	ot impaired  Greater than one year £'000	Total £'000
Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations	57,594	19,639	5,062	3,038	3,757	89,090
Other debtors	1,943	<del>_</del>	_	, <u> </u>	, <u> </u>	1,943

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### d) Liquidity risk

The table below analyses the Syndicate's monetary assets and liabilities into their relevant maturity groups based on the period remaining at the year end to their contractual maturities or expected settlement dates. Net liabilities in up to one year can be covered by selling investments before their maturity date.

2022	Up to 1 Year £'000	1-3 Years £'000	3-5 Years £'000	Over 5 years £'000	Total £'000
Financial investments	606,923	_	_	_	606,923
Insurance and reinsurance receivables	150,289	18	_	_	150,307
Cash at bank and in hand	67,873		_		67,873
Reinsurers' share of insurance claims outstanding	104,723	104,431	36,798	19,911	265,863
Creditors	(49,440)		_	_	(49,440)
Accruals and deferred income	(5,933)		_		(5,933)
Gross insurance claims outstanding	(310,548)	(343,826)	(151,535)	(104,853)	(910,762)
Total	563,887	(239,377)	(114,737)	(84,942)	124,831
2021	Up to 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	Over 5 years	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial investments	532,084		_		532,084
Insurance and reinsurance receivables	134,597		_		134,597
Cash at bank and In hand	71,892		_	_	71,892
Reinsurers' share of insurance claims outstanding	85,922	71,118	28,549	15,512	201,101
Creditors	(41,577)		_	_	(41,577)
Accruals and deferred income	(4,958)		_		(4,958)
Gross insurance claims outstanding	(277,376)	(262,420)	(125,500)	(74,866)	(740,162)
Total	500,584	(191,302)	(96,951)	(59,354)	152,977

### e) Market risk

### Foreign currency market risk

It is the Company's policy to monitor assets and liabilities in the currencies it is exposed to on a monthly basis in order to minimise foreign currency risk. The following currency exchange rates have been used for principal foreign currency transactions:

	202	22	2021		
	Year-end rate	Average rate	Year-end rate	Average rate	
Euro	1.127	1.151	1.191	1.179	
US dollar	1.203	1.169	1.349	1.353	
Canadian dollar	1.630	1.572	1.726	1.691	

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### e) Market risk (continued)

The table below details the Syndicate's assets and liabilities, translated into Sterling at 31 December 2022:

2022	GBP £'000	USD £'000	CAD £'000	EUR £'000	AUD £'000	OTH £'000	Total £'000
Financial investments	176,605	355,020	75,298	_	_	_	606,923
Overseas deposits	_	3,258	12,020	_	2,382	34,739	52,399
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	53,942	236,426	4,112				294,480
Insurance and reinsurance receivables	51,234	95,186	3,869	_	18	_	150,307
Cash and cash equivalents	10,727	48,236	8,808	102	_	_	67,873
Other assets	12,963	34,474		1,378		15	48,830
Total assets	305,471	772,600	104,107	1,480	2,400	34,754	1,220,812
Technical provisions	321,417	750,546	50,626				1,122,589
Insurance and reinsurance payables	6,463	35,560	374		_		42,397
Other liabilities	3,040	8,117			32	1,787	12,976
Total liabilities	330,920	794,223	51,000		32	1,787	1,177,962
Net assets	(25,449)	(21,623)	53,107	1,480	2,368	32,967	42,850
2021	GBP	USD	CAD	EUR	AUD	ОТН	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial investments	185,819	275,057	71,208				532,084
Overseas deposits		7,920	11,308		6,379	27,011	52,618
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions	60,598	158,090	7,149				225,837
Insurance and reinsurance receivables	58,653	74,925	1,001		18		134,597
Cash and cash equivalents	10,667	51,063	8,444	1,718	_		71,892
Other assets	18,300	23,194	(2,431)			14	39,077
Total assets	334,037	590,249	96,679	1,718	6,397	27,025	1,056,105
Technical provisions	316,022	554,366	45,417		_		915,805
Insurance and reinsurance payables	10,107	22,311	206		_		32,624
Other liabilities	8,609	3,887	63	245	30	1,077	13,911
Total liabilities	334,738	580,564	45,686	245	30	1,077	962,340
Net assets	(701)	9,685	50,993	1,473	6,367	25,948	93,765

The tables above present the insurance and reinsurance assets and liabilities of the Syndicate by settlement currency. Approximately 25% of the net technical provisions include claims denominated in Euro, Australian dollar and other non-settlement currencies.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

### e) Market risk (continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis to market risks for financial instruments

An analysis of the Syndicate's sensitivity to interest rate, currency and other price risk is shown below. The table shows the effect on profit or loss of reasonably possible changes in the relevant risk variable, assuming that all other variables remain constant, if that change had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the risk exposures at that date.

	2022 Profit or loss for the year £'000	2021 Profit or loss for the year £'000
Interest rate risk	2 000	2 000
+50 basis points shift in yield curves	(8,372)	(7,226)
-50 basis points shift in yield curves	8,493	7,015
+200 basis points shift in yield curves	(34,754)	(28,218)
-200 basis points shift in yield curves	32,285	22,785
Currency risk		
10 percent increase in GBP/Euro exchange rate	148	147
10 percent decrease in GBP/Euro exchange rate	(148)	(147)
10 percent increase in GBP/US Dollar exchange rate	(2,162)	969
10 percent decrease in GBP/US Dollar exchange rate	2,162	(969)
10 percent increase in GBP/Canadian Dollar exchange rate	5,311	5,099
10 percent decrease in GBP/Canadian Dollar exchange rate	(5,311)	(5,099)

### f) Fair value estimate

Financial instruments that are held at fair value through profit or loss are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in these measurements.

Level 1- The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

#### f) Fair value estimate (continued)

2022

	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Shares and other variable yield securities	_	_	4,554	4,554
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	_	602,324	_	602,324
Loans and deposits with credit institutions		45		45
Total Financial Assets at Fair Value		602,369	4,554	606,923
2021	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Shares and other variable yield securities	_	_	4,590	4,590
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	_	527,435	_	527,435
Loans and deposits with credit institutions		59		59
Total Financial Assets at Fair Value		527,494	4,590	532,084

### g) Capital Management

### Framework at Lloyd's

The Society of Lloyd's ("Lloyd's") is a regulated undertaking and subject to supervision by the Prudential Regulatory Authority ("PRA") under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, and in accordance with the Solvency II Framework.

Within this supervisory framework, Lloyd's applies capital requirements at member level and centrally to ensure that Lloyd's as a regulated entity complies with Solvency II requirements, and beyond that to meet its own financial strength, licence and ratings objectives.

Although, as described below, Lloyd's sets capital at a syndicate level, Solvency II and Lloyd's capital requirements only apply at an overall and individual member level and not at the syndicate level. Accordingly, the capital requirement in respect of Syndicate 1221 is not disclosed in these financial statements.

#### Lloyd's capital setting process

In order to meet Lloyd's requirements, each syndicate is required to calculate its Solvency Capital Requirement ("SCR") for the prospective underwriting year. This amount must be sufficient to cover a 1 in 200 year loss, reflecting uncertainty in the ultimate run-off of underwriting liabilities (SCR 'to ultimate'). The Syndicate must also calculate its SCR at the same confidence level but reflecting uncertainty over a one year time horizon (one year SCR) for Lloyd's to use in meeting Solvency II requirements. The SCR's of each syndicate are subject to review by Lloyd's and approval by the Lloyd's Capital and Planning Group. A syndicate may be comprised of one or more underwriting members of Lloyd's. Each member is liable for its own share of underwriting liabilities for the syndicates on which it participates, but no other member's shares.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 3. Risk management (continued)

#### g) Capital Management (continued)

Accordingly, the capital requirements that Lloyd's sets for each member operates on a similar basis. Each member's SCR is determined by the sum of the member's share of the Syndicate SCR 'to ultimate'. Where a member participates on more than one Syndicate, a credit for diversification is provided to reflect the spread of risk, but consistent with determining an SCR which reflects the capital requirement to cover a 1 in 200 loss 'to ultimate' for that member. Over and above this, Lloyd's applies a capital uplift to the member's capital requirement, known as the Economic Capital Assessment ("ECA"). The purpose of this uplift, which is a Lloyd's, not a Solvency II requirement, is to meet Lloyd's financial strength, licence and ratings objectives. The capital uplift applied for 2023 was 35% of the member's SCR 'to ultimate'.

#### Provision of capital by members

Each member may provide capital to meet its ECA either by assets held in trust by Lloyd's specifically for that member (Funds at Lloyd's), assets held and managed within a Syndicate (Funds in Syndicate), or as the member's share of the member's balances on each Syndicate on which it participates.

Accordingly all of the assets less liabilities of the Syndicate, as represented in the member's balance reported on the Statement of financial position on page 24, represents resources available to meet the members and Lloyd's capital requirements.

### 4. Analysis of underwriting result

An analysis of the underwriting result before investment return is set out below:

2022	Gross written premiums £'000	Gross premiums earned £'000	Gross claims incurred £'000	Net operating expenses £'000	Ceded balance £'000	Total £'000
Direct insurance:						
Marine	24,454	24,250	(27,596)	(5,503)	6,115	(2,734)
Aviation	5,921	4,000	(18,608)	(1,290)	7,726	(8,172)
Transport	34,971	32,527	(16,062)	(14,232)	(1,111)	1,122
Energy - marine	48,092	45,445	(29,908)	(14,459)	(3,518)	(2,440)
Energy - non marine	1	3	31	24	(1,917)	(1,859)
Fire and other damage to property	41,908	40,163	(29,498)	(11,228)	2,553	1,990
Third party liability	145,248	143,738	(81,044)	(36,879)	(8,776)	17,039
Pecuniary Loss	12,109	7,817	(5,172)	(917)	(2,261)	(533)
	312,704	297,943	(207,857)	(84,484)	(1,189)	4,413
Reinsurance	60,806	60,034	(77,800)	(14,113)	21,692	(10,187)
	373,510	357,977	(285,657)	(98,597)	20,503	(5,774)

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 4. Analysis of underwriting result (continued)

Gross	Gross	Gross	Net		
written	premiums	claims	operating	Ceded	
premiums	earned	incurred	expenses	balance	Total
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
19,132	18,860	(16,925)	(4,367)	58	(2,374)
27,914	27,742	(15,186)	(12,716)	1,050	890
39,726	37,062	(24,182)	(11,831)	(4,611)	(3,562)
(9)	431	2,029	950	(1,226)	2,184
34,670	33,974	(6,491)	(10,004)	(3,756)	13,723
131,667	115,021	(74,066)	(30,933)	(6,755)	3,267
7,231	3,160	(1,669)	174	(1,012)	653
260,331	236,250	(136,490)	(68,727)	(16,252)	14,781
60,590	60,077	(45,802)	(14,395)	(3,136)	(3,256)
320,921	296,327	(182,292)	(83,122)	(19,388)	11,525
	written premiums £'000  19,132 27,914 39,726 (9) 34,670 131,667 7,231 260,331 60,590	written premiums premiums earned £'000 £'000  19,132 18,860 27,914 27,742 39,726 37,062 (9) 431 34,670 33,974 131,667 115,021 7,231 3,160 260,331 236,250 60,590 60,077	written premiums claims incurred £'000 £'000 £'000  19,132 18,860 (16,925) 27,914 27,742 (15,186) 39,726 37,062 (24,182) (9) 431 2,029 34,670 33,974 (6,491) 131,667 115,021 (74,066) 7,231 3,160 (1,669) 260,331 236,250 (136,490) 60,590 60,077 (45,802)	written premiums premiums         claims incurred expenses         operating expenses           £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000           19,132         18,860         (16,925)         (4,367)           27,914         27,742         (15,186)         (12,716)           39,726         37,062         (24,182)         (11,831)           (9)         431         2,029         950           34,670         33,974         (6,491)         (10,004)           131,667         115,021         (74,066)         (30,933)           7,231         3,160         (1,669)         174           260,331         236,250         (136,490)         (68,727)           60,590         60,077         (45,802)         (14,395)	written premiums premiums         claims incurred expenses         Ceded balance £'000           £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000           19,132         18,860         (16,925)         (4,367)         58           27,914         27,742         (15,186)         (12,716)         1,050           39,726         37,062         (24,182)         (11,831)         (4,611)           (9)         431         2,029         950         (1,226)           34,670         33,974         (6,491)         (10,004)         (3,756)           131,667         115,021         (74,066)         (30,933)         (6,755)           7,231         3,160         (1,669)         174         (1,012)           260,331         236,250         (136,490)         (68,727)         (16,252)           60,590         60,077         (45,802)         (14,395)         (3,136)

### 5. Claims outstanding

The surpluses / (deficits) following the reassessment of claims outstanding held at the end of the previous year are set out below.

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Marine, aviation and transport	4,649	2,340
Energy	(7,988)	3,984
Fire and other damage to property	4,544	8,671
Third party liability	_	(734)
Total direct	1,205	14,261
Reinsurance acceptance	(6,649)	(4,612)
	(5,444)	9,649

The FRS 103 transitional provision has been applied, which allows the Syndicate not to disclose information about claims development that occurred earlier than 5 years before the end of the first financial year in which FRS 103 is applied.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 5. Claims outstanding (continued)

Claims development is shown both gross and net of reinsurance ceded, on a pure underwriting year basis. Balances have been translated at exchange rates prevailing at 31 December 2022 in all cases.

Pure Underwriting Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Total
Estimate of ultimate gross									
claims	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
at end of underwriting year	87,090	107,239	130,237	94,829	95,922	93,381	93,032	89,012	
one year later	187,223	230,837	242,580	245,975	200,277	183,813	268,692	_	
two years later	183,116	233,957	268,560	265,818	207,703	229,583	_	_	
three years later	200,537	247,922	275,079	256,160	214,350	_	_	_	
four years later	219,339	273,839	270,437	274,662	_	_	_	_	
five years later	215,582	277,503	272,345	_	_	_	_	_	
six years later	224,313	284,784	_	_	_	_	_	_	
seven years later	228,716	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Less gross Claims paid	(203,780)	(241,309)	(213,671)	(171,323)	(108,934)	(69,826)	(30,595)	(3,338)	
Gross ultimate claims reserve	24,936	43,475	58,674	103,339	105,416	159,757	238,097	85,674	819,368
Gross ultimate claims reserve for	r 2014 & pi	rior years							91,394
Gross claims reserves								_	910,762

Pure Underwriting Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Total
Estimate of ultimate net claims	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
at end of underwriting year	60,248	76,177	84,340	67,290	93,385	78,171	87,117	81,387	
one year later	129,097	153,760	166,432	154,813	161,731	157,790	198,473	_	
two years later	130,424	157,501	179,345	180,954	161,112	180,295	_	_	
three years later	140,408	167,941	189,070	174,634	160,947	_	_	_	
four years later	149,317	183,991	190,706	196,295	_	_	_	_	
five years later	146,548	184,618	191,638	_	_	_	_	_	
six years later	148,756	188,778	_	_	_	_	_	_	
seven years later	151,049	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Less net Claims paid	(135,605)	(161,569)	(150,259)	(129,428)	(87,145)	(64,093)	(30,296)	(3,089)	
Net ultimate claims reserve	15,444	27,209	41,379	66,867	73,802	116,202	168,177	78,298	587,378
Net ultimate claims reserve for	2014 & prio	or years							57,522
Net claims reserves									644,900

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 6. Technical Provisions

The table below shows changes in the insurance contract liabilities and assets from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.

		2022		2021			
	Gross Provisions £'000	Reinsurance Assets £'000	Net £'000	Gross Provisions £'000	Reinsurance Assets £'000	Net £'000	
Incurred claims outstanding	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	
Claims notified	339,057	(101,272)	237,785	354,768	(124,812)	229,956	
Claims incurred but not reported	401,105	(99,829)	301,276	349,996	(95,555)	254,441	
Balance at 1 January	740,162	$\frac{(99,329)}{(201,101)}$	539,061	704,764	$\frac{(220,367)}{(220,367)}$	484,397	
Change in prior underwriting	740,102	(201,101)	357,001	704,704	(220,307)	404,577	
year's provisions	194,595	(75,658)	118,937	87,002	(15,903)	71,099	
Expected cost of current year	, , , , , ,	( - ) )	- )	,	( - , )	, ,	
claims	91,062	(7,595)	83,467	95,290	(5,797)	89,493	
Claims paid during the year	(180,004)	40,987	(139,017)	(145,414)	40,320	(105,094)	
Effects of movements in							
exchange rates	64,947	(22,495)	42,452	(1,480)	646	(834)	
Balance as at 31 December	910,762	(265,862)	644,900	740,162	(201,101)	539,061	
Claims notified	313,628	(81,215)	232,413	339,057	(101,272)	237,785	
Claims incurred but not reported	597,134	(184,647)	412,487	401,105	(99,829)	301,276	
Balance at 31 December	910,762	(265,862)	644,900	740,162	(201,101)	539,061	
•							
<b>Unearned Premiums</b>							
Balance at 1 January	175,643	(24,736)	150,907	153,336	(23,523)	129,813	
Premiums written during the							
year	373,510	(63,859)	309,651	320,921	(42,350)	278,571	
Premiums earned during the year	(357,977)	62,749	(295,228)	(296,327)	41,088	(255,239)	
Effects of exchange rates	20,651	(2,771)	17,880	(2,287)	49	(2,238)	
Balance at 31 December	211,827	(28,617)	183,210	175,643	(24,736)	150,907	

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 7. Net operating expenses

Net operating expenses include:

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Acquisition costs	63,963	51,532
Change in deferred acquisition costs	(2,647)	(598)
Administrative expenses	35,003	30,160
Personal Expenses	8,238	7,022
Reinsurance commissions and profit participations	(5,960)	(4,978)
	98,597	83,138

The table below shows changes in deferred acquisition costs assets from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Balance at 1 January Incurred costs deferred	29,797 63,963	28,609 51,532
Amortisation Effects of movements in exchange rates	(61,316) 3,398	(50,934) 590
Balance at 31 December  Administrative expenses include:	<u>35,842</u> _	29,797
Administrative expenses include.	2022	2021
Auditor's remuneration	£'000	£'000
Fees payable to the auditor for the audit of these financial statements	263	236
Fees payable to the auditor and its associates in respect of: other services pursuant to legislation	150 413	167 403
		403

Fees payable to Deloitte LLP for the audit of the annual accounts of Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited and its subsidiaries are £43k (2021: £46k). There were no fees payable for the provision of non-audit services.

# UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

#### 8. Staff numbers and costs

The Company does not directly employ any staff. All employees engaged on Company business are employed by Hartford Management (UK) Limited ("HMUK"), which charges the Company and other Hartford group companies with a single management fee for their respective share of group expenses. This fee is included within net operating expenses. The charge from HMUK to the Company does not specifically identify the cost of employees or directors. Details of staff costs and numbers of the Company are included within the financial statements of HMUK.

### 9. Emoluments of the Directors of the Managing Agent

The Directors of Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited received the following aggregate remuneration charged to the Company and are included within net operating expenses:

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	1,629	1,308
Pension costs	47	65
	1,676	1,373

The active underwriter received the following remuneration charged as a Company expense:

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	519	432
Pension costs	29	25
	548	457

### 10. Investment income

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Income from investments at fair value through profit or loss Gains on the realisation of investments designated on initial	12,506	8,908
recognition at fair value through profit or loss  Losses on the realisation of investments designated on initial	129	3,142
recognition at fair value through profit or loss	(768)	(2,698)
	11,867	9,352

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 10. Investment income (continued)

The table below presents the average amounts of funds in the year per currency and analyses by major currency the average investment yields in the year.

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Average amount of Syndicate funds available for investment during the year		
Canadian dollar	73,562	69,828
Pound sterling	296,278	181,966
US dollar	194,356	268,754
Total funds available for investment, in sterling	564,196	520,548
		_
Total investment return	(27,289)	(2,547)
Annual investment yield		
Canadian dollar	(0.40) %	(0.34) %
Pound sterling	(4.05) %	(0.81) %
US dollar	(6.45) %	(0.31) %
Total annual investment yield, in sterling	(4.84) %	(0.49) %

### 11. Financial investments

	Market value		Cost	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Shares and other variable yield securities	4,554	4,590	4,554	4,554
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	602,324	527,435	647,479	532,503
Deposits with credit institutions	45	59	45	59
=	606,923	532,084	652,078	537,116

### 12. Debtors arising out of direct insurance and reinsurance operations

Of the debtors arising out of direct insurance and reinsurance operations, the whole amount is due from intermediaries.

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

### Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 13. Other Debtors

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Overseas Federal Tax	2	118
Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,827	
Sundry Debtors	1,083	1,825
	4,912	1,943

### 14. Other Creditors

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Sundry Creditors	103	111
Amounts owed to group undertakings	6,940	8,842
	7,043	8,953

### 15. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	67,873	71,892
Total cash and cash equivalents	67,873	71,892

### UNDERWRITING AGENCY LIMITED S Y N D I C A T E 1221 at LLOYD'S

Notes to the Financial Statements at 31 December 2022 (continued)

### 16. Related parties

The ultimate parent company and controlling member is The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc., which is incorporated in the USA.

The immediate parent company of Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited is Navigators Holdings (UK) Limited.

All trading with Companies within The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. have been carried out on an arm's length basis.

A number of third party reinsurance contracts that cover both the Syndicate and related group companies were purchased in the year by the Navigators Insurance Company and The Hartford Fire Insurance Company. The Syndicate is allocated its proportionate share of cost of these contracts which is agreed by local management.

The Syndicate paid Managing Agency fees to Hartford Underwriting Agency Limited ("HUAL") during the year. Total fees incurred, in respect of services provided, amounted to £5.7m (2021 £5.5m). At the year end, the amount owing to HUAL was £1.4m (2021: £(0.6m)).

The Syndicate was recharged expenses of £29.2m (2021: £25.2m) from Hartford Management UK Limited ("HMUK") during the year. At the year end, the amount owed to HMUK was £0.2m (2021: £(5.1)m).

The Syndicate was recharged expenses of £0.3m (2021: £0.0m) from Navigators Management Company during the year. At the year end, the amount owing to Navigators Management Company was £(1.9)m (2021: £1.7m).

Navigators Asia Limited ("NAL") charged a fee of £0.6m (2021: £2.0m) to the Syndicate during the year. The fee is based on expenses incurred by NAL plus a mark-up of 10% in respect of underwriting services provided by NAL. At the year end, the amount owing to NAL was £(1.8)m (2021: £0.2m).

### 17. Funds at Lloyd's

Every member is required to hold capital at Lloyd's which is held in trust and known as Funds at Lloyd's ("FAL"). These funds are intended primarily to cover circumstances where Syndicate assets prove insufficient to meet participating member's underwriting liabilities.

The level of FAL that Lloyd's requires a member to maintain is determined by Lloyd's based on PRA requirements and resource criteria. FAL considers a number of factors including the nature and amount of risk to be underwritten by the member and the assessment of the reserving risk in respect of business that has been underwritten. Since FAL is not under the management of the Managing Agent, no amount has been shown in these financial statements by way of such capital resources. However, the Managing Agent is able to make a call on the member's FAL to meet liquidity requirements or to settle losses.